

HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

TECHNICAL PRODUCT INFORMATION



HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS
CONCRETE

B 17-E_SEA



DYNAGRIP
The most advanced channel generation



EPD - Environmental product declaration
HTA-CE / HZA

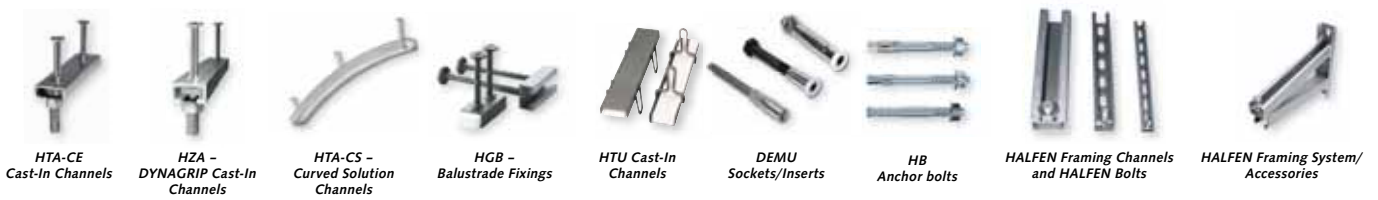
HALFEN.

When safety counts.



Marina Bay Sands, Singapore

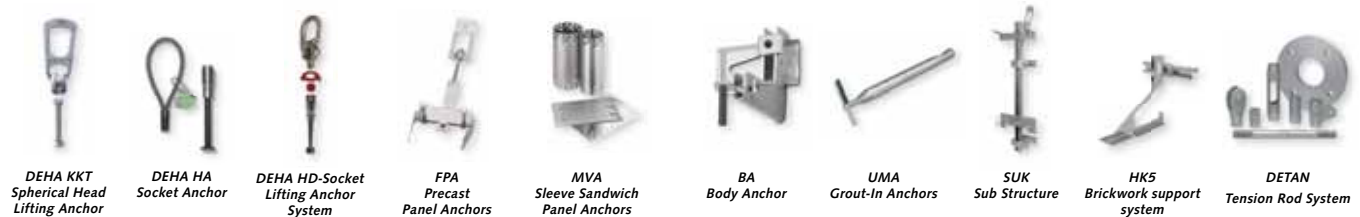
FIXING SYSTEMS, FRAMING SYSTEMS AND ACCESSORIES



REINFORCEMENT SYSTEMS



LIFTING SYSTEMS, CONCRETE PRE-CAST SYSTEMS, NATURAL STONE SYSTEMS, BRICKWORK SUPPORT SYSTEMS, ROD SYSTEMS



HALFEN products are typically the first choice for project investors, architects, engineers or construction companies whenever high quality products made from the best materials, sustainability,

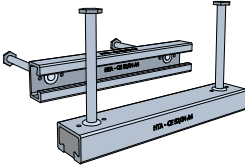
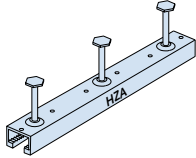
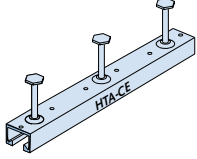
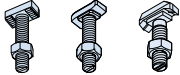
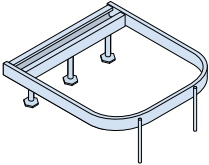

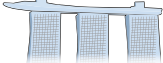
versatility and economical speed are the dominating project features. HALFEN symbolizes safety, reliability and efficiency.



HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

Contents

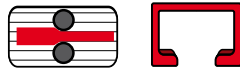


| | | |
|---|--------------|---|
| 1 HALFEN Cast-in Channels | 4-15 | |
| - Overview | 4-5 | |
| - Argumentation | 6 | |
| - Hazards of alternative fixing methods | 7 | |
| - Technical approvals – Product testing | 8 | |
| - Sustainability – BIM | 9 | |
| - Performance under seismic loading – Dynamic loading – Fire resistance | 10 | |
| - HALFEN IQ – Integrated Quality | 11 | |
| - Materials / Corrosion protection | 12-13 | |
| - Installation | 14-15 | |
| | |  |
| 2 HALFEN HZA DYNAGRIP Cast-in Channels | 16-19 | |
| - Application examples | 17 | |
| - Product range | 18 | |
| - Design | 19 | |
| | |  |
| 3 HALFEN HTA-CE Cast-in Channels | 20-26 | |
| - European standard | 21 | |
| - Product range | 22-23 | |
| - Design | 24-25 | |
| - Customized cast-in channels | 26 | |
| | |  |
| 4 HALFEN Bolts | 27-32 | |
| - Product range | 28-29 | |
| - Design | 30-32 | |
| | |  |
| 5 HALFEN HCW Curtain Wall | 33-47 | |
| - Application examples | 34 | |
| - Product range | 35 | |
| - Design: Normal slab or edge beam applications | 36-39 | |
| - Design: Thin slab applications | 40-41 | |
| - Design: High shear loading in thin slab application | 42-43 | |
| | |  |
| 6 Accessories | 44-45 | |
| | |  |
| 7 References | 46-47 | |
| | |  |

HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

Overview

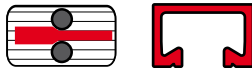
HZA DYNAGRIP, hot-rolled



- sharp-edged profiles
- free from inherent stress
- innovative serration on channel lips and T-bolt heads provides additional mechanical interlock connection
- uniform load bearing capacity in all load direction
- highest dynamic loading
- suitable for shock loads
- suitable for seismic loading
- National Approval (DIBt, Germany)



HTA-CE, hot-rolled



- sharp-edged profile rolled from steel billet
- free from inherent stress
- optimized geometry according to static requirements
- approved for dynamic loading
- 30% increased shear resistance and up to 75% increased resistance against local flexure of channel lips compared to cold-formed alternatives
- increased fire resistance
- suitable for shock loads
- European Technical Approval (ETA)
- National Approval (DIBt, Germany)



HTA-CE, cold-formed

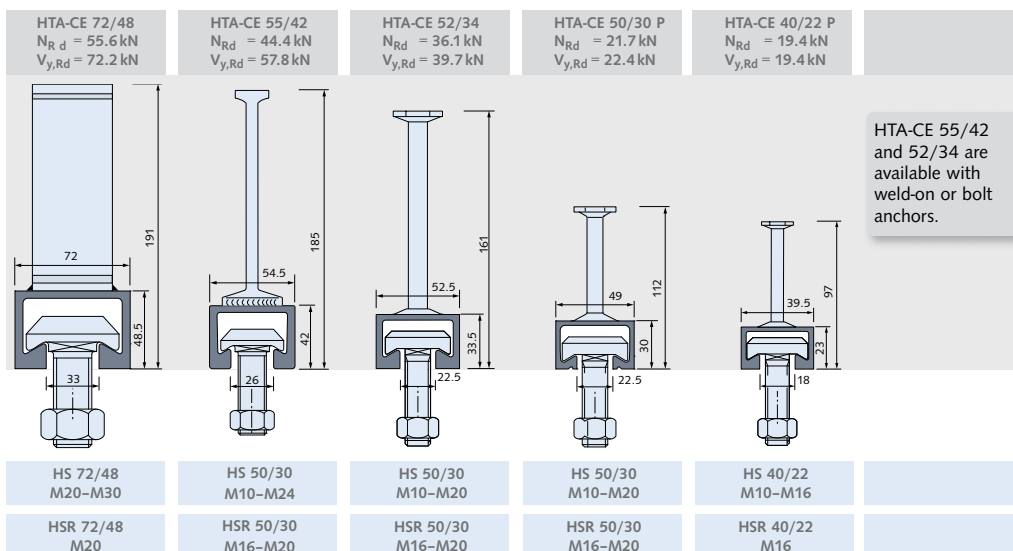
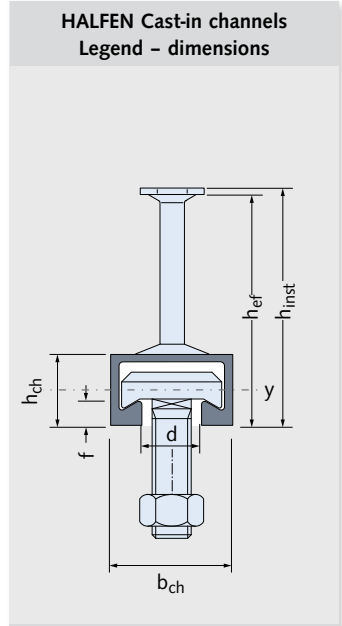
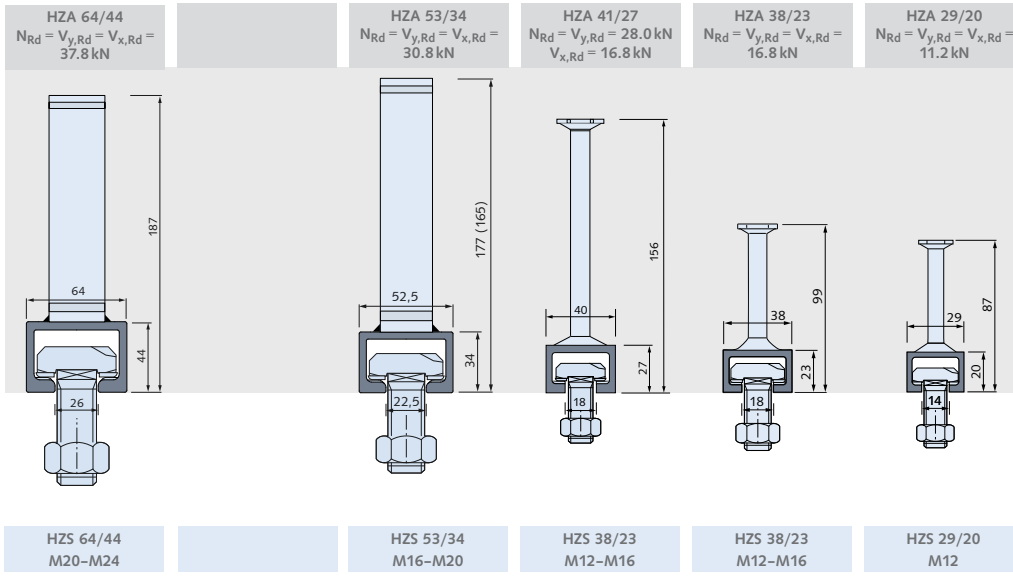


- rounded corners, constant material thickness
- smooth surface finish
- European Technical Approval (ETA)
- National Approval (DIBt, Germany)



HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

Overview

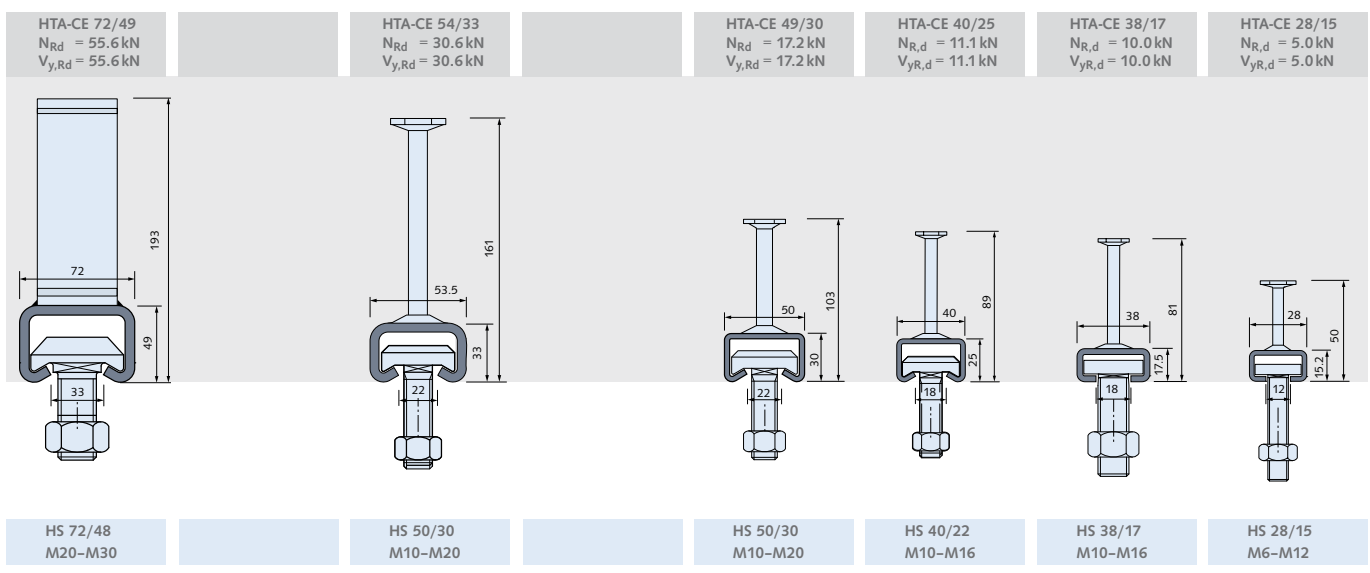


Legend

- h_{inst} : max. installation height
- h_{ef} : effective anchorage depth
- h_{ch} : channel height
- b_{ch} : channel width
- y : centre line
- d : channel slot width
- f : max. height of channel lip

Technical Remarks

- load capacities based on steel failure
- alternative anchor configuration available on request



The advantages at a glance

... by use of HALFEN Cast-in channels

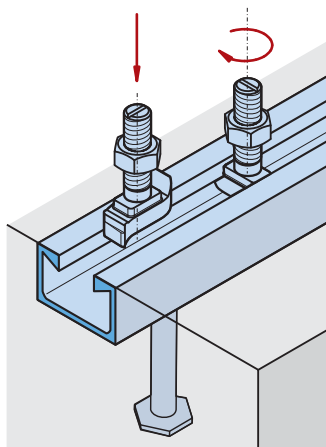
- extreme short installation time
- installations are freely adjustable along the channel slot (compensation of construction tolerances)
- only simple tools and no electrical power required for installation
- installer requires no special training
- components (channels, bolts) protected against corrosion by high-quality galvanized finish or stainless steel
- serrated hot-rolled channels with high resistance to dynamic, impact and seismic loads
- certified for use in fire-critical structural elements
- can be used for temporary installations, e.g. guard railing
- easy visual installation check (QC) on site
- increased site productivity with reduced manpower



Modular panel installation



Panel positioning



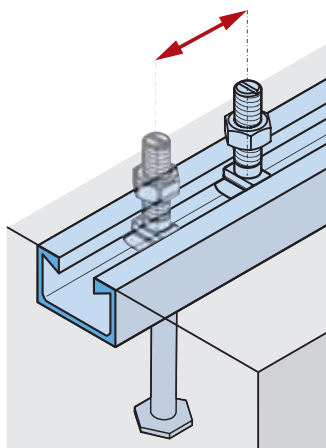
Fast installation



Curved channels in tubing segments, Shenzhen metro



Mullion fixing at front of slab



Full adjustability



Adjustable fixing



Tightening the T-bolt

Hidden dangers to be aware of

...when using welding plates

- slow installation
- welding sparks and fumes can cause fire!
(→ bamboo scaffolding, safety net)
- satisfactory welding quality is difficult to achieve and check;
depends largely on the individual welders ability
- fumes may damage installed aluminium and glass
→ costly damage
- limited adjustability
- requires project specific design, testing and inspection
- corrosion protection after welding required
- heavy electrical equipment necessary
- inflexibility in case of change requests



...when using mechanical or chemical anchor bolts

- time consuming and strenuous, repetitive drilling and bolt setting,
particularly in high-strength concrete
- non adjustable
- high risk of damage to reinforcement and concrete
- potential damage to tendons in pre-stressed slabs
- drill holes may be incorrectly located or too large
due to inaccurate drilling or worn drill-bits
- wrong location of anchor bolts may lead to unfavourable need for
additional clamping plates
- risk that the anchor bolts are not suitable for cracked concrete,
dynamic loading or for use in earthquake zones
- repeated use of hammer drills can result in a range of health problems;
known as hand-arm vibration syndrome (HAVS) with symptoms like vibration
white finger (VWF).
- hammer drilling causes vibration, which may result in concrete cracks
of undefined width and length
- numerous installation steps - each individual step is a possible source
for human error (in particular with chemical bolts)
- proper on site visual installation check (QC) is not possible



HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

Technical Approvals – Product Testing



Approvals & Test Reports

- German National Approval by DIBt**
 HALFEN Cast-in channels are regularly tested at German universities and independent material testing authorities. HALFEN HTA Channels were first awarded a National approval in 1976; the first ever for a cast-in channel.
- European Technical Approval ETA**
 Obtained in 2010, this approval for HTA-CE Channels is valid unrestrictedly in 30 European states and is recognized worldwide.
- Tongji University Shanghai – Expert reports**
 Anchor channels have been tested in concrete under static loading as well as under seismic loading in cracked concrete.
- China Academy of Building Research (Beijing) – Test reports**
 In-situ testing of the entire cast-in channel range under static loading at the “National Center for Quality Supervision and Test of Building Engineering”.
- American National Approval by the ICC**
 ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-1008 - HALFEN Anchor channels and bolts in cracked and uncracked concrete; issued 04/2016.
 ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4016 - HALFEN HZA Anchor channels and HZS Channel bolts in cracked and uncracked concrete; issued 06/2017.



ICC-ESR 1008
ICC-ESR 4016

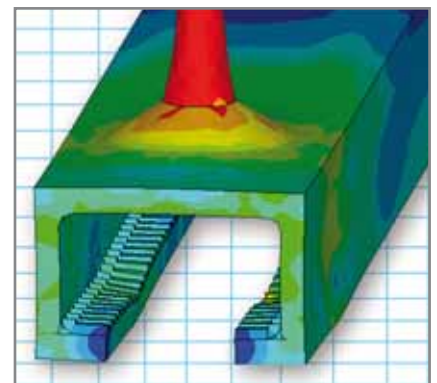
DYNAGRIP product testing at RWTH Aachen university



Formwork and reinforcement of test specimen with HZA 38/23



Concrete spalling on surface under tension loading



Qualitative deformation figure for tension load from a computer simulation

HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

Sustainability – BIM

Sustainability

HALFEN is a socially and environmentally responsible company. The issues of sustainability, protection of the environment and the reduction of CO₂

emissions are very important issues for us. During the BAU 2017 trade fair the Institut für Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU) presented HALFEN with a EPD

declaration for the original HALFEN Channel and the HALFEN HIT Insulated connection.

Environmental Product Declaration HTA-CE and HZA

An EPD® (Environmental Product Declaration) provides transparent and comparable ecological data which helps to evaluate the sustainability of a building. EPDs form the data basis for an environmental building assessment in accordance with DIN EN 15978. The declarations are internationally coordinated; they are based on international standards (ISO 14025; ISO 14040ff) – as well as on European DIN EN 15804.

The EPD - declaration for the HALFEN Channels HTA-CE and HZA

was presented by the Institut für Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU) during the BAU 2017 Trade fair.



© 9cmeback / fotolia.com



BIM

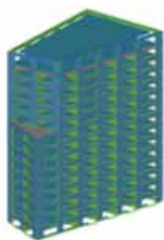
HALFEN is your partner for BIM (Building Information Modeling), the working method aimed at facilitating exchange and interoperability of digital information in building projects, and as such provides their (Tekla) components through 3D BIM libraries. A BIM model is a single model (database) in which information from architects, structural engineers, installers, contractors and suppliers is processed. The information relates to shape (geometry) and behaviour (object properties).

Working in a 3D environment makes it easy to generate sections or visualizations, for example in a complex junction floor, balcony, brickwork support, etc. Other benefits include reducing failure costs, better quality of the building and promoting cooperation and mutual understanding between all parties.

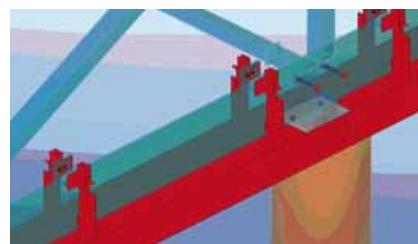
For anchoring façades (for example brickwork support) HALFEN uses the Open BIM philosophy: a universal cooperation, exchange and communi-

cation method based on the open file formats (IFC), a format that doesn't require using specific software, because:

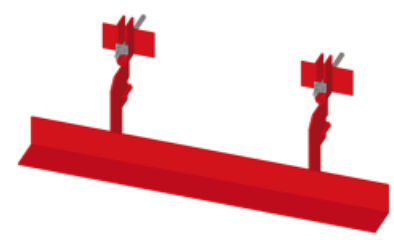
- IFC is the most used and most developed open standard for BIM models
- HALFEN will not exclude other companies using other BIM applications
- More and more clients will require BIM "as built" according to open standards



BIM project



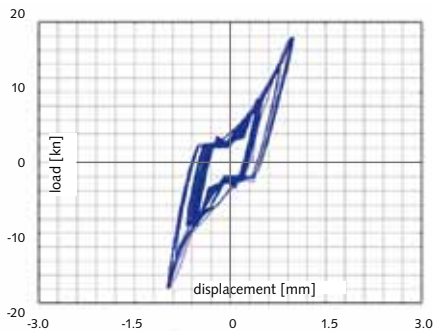
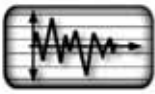
BIM detail



BIM component

HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

Performance Under Seismic Loading – Dynamic Loading – Fire Resistance



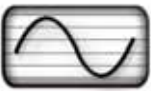
Load-displacement curve of cyclic loading (SQ 3)

Performance under seismic loading

The serrated anchor channels have been tested according to the requirements of ACI 355.2-2007. This standard is internationally recognized for post installed anchors and was applied with minor modifications to the anchor channels. According to the ACI 355.2-2007 test procedure, a specimen must withstand 140 load cycles without failure. These tests were carried out at the University RWTH Aachen/Germany (HZA 29/20, HZA 38/23 and HZA 53/34) and at the Tongji University in Shanghai (HZA 41/27).

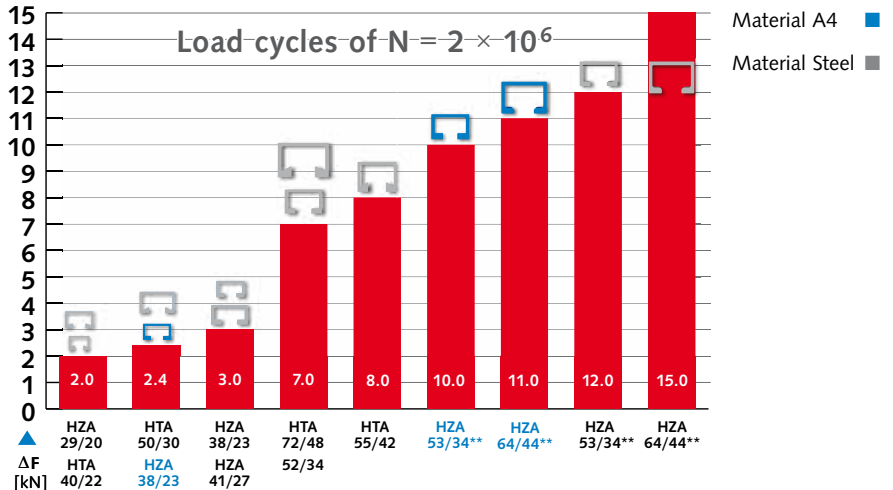
The load cycles are applied in three consecutive load steps whereas the test loads N_{eq} and V_{eq} are derived from static reference tests. After cyclic loading the anchor channels are subjected to a static, increasing load up to breaking point. The average remaining load bearing capacity must be: $> 1.6 \times N_{eq}$ (tension) respectively $> 1.6 \times V_{eq}$ (shear).

The test results verified that the design resistance values F_{RD} stated in the HZA-Approval certificate no.Z-21.4-1691 are also valid for the load resulting from an earthquake.



Performance under dynamic loading

Dynamic load capacity/fatigue for HTA/HZA



Legend:

(Load) amplitude ΔF * [kN]
* Steel failure decisive

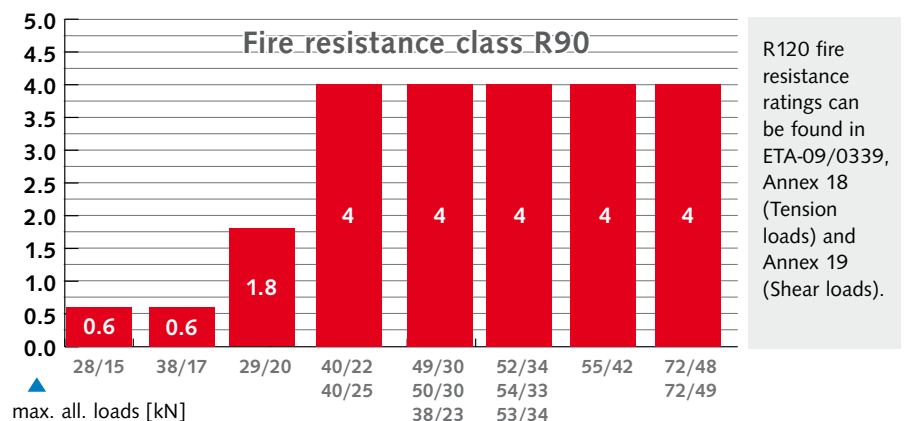
According to German National Approval

** Values apply for channels with I-anchors 140/7,1, anchor position Q, longitudinal weld seam



HALFEN Cast-in channels HTA and HZA, in combination with HALFEN Bolts, have been certified for use in fire-exposed structural elements (R90/R120).

Fire resistance



R120 fire resistance ratings can be found in ETA-09/0339, Annex 18 (Tension loads) and Annex 19 (Shear loads).

HALFEN Quality – from start to finish

Quality and safety are the ultimate targets in the production of original HALFEN Anchor channels.

The fundamental requirements for the production of any HALFEN product are quality and safety. Therefore all HALFEN production locations are ISO 9001 certified.

On the one hand this involves continual inspection, machine maintenance and quality testing during the manufacturing process and on the other hand it involves stringent quality control procedures of incoming raw materials right through to dispatch of the finished product.



Quality always comes first for HALFEN products and is guaranteed during each step of production!

Non-serrated channels, type HTA-CE are European Technical Approved (ETA 09/0339). HALFEN Cast-in channels have also been approved by the German Construction Supervisory Board – DIBt Berlin and are subject to stringent internal and external quality checks.

The extent, type and frequency of production checks carried out by HALFEN is determined by standards set and recorded in approvals by the German Construction Supervisory Board DIBt (member of EOTA – European Organization for Technical Approvals).



Spectral analysis equipment

HALFEN Anchor channels, originating exclusively from our own production facilities, are produced of strictly regulated raw material. The complete raw material or semi-finished goods are procured solely from resources that meet our stringent in-house material specifications.

Our suppliers must be ISO 9001 certified and must provide complete documentation on the required performance and quality. Therefore, our suppliers have to prove compliance with our material specifications with a 3.1 inspection certificate according to DIN EN 10204.

The inspection of incoming material is not limited to visual examination and dimensional checks. Every consignment is also analysed via spectral analysis. Moreover, the required tensile strength values, yield stress and rupture points are tested.

Raw material is released for production only if all tests results are satisfying and comply with the provided 3.1-certification.

The anchor channels are continually checked during production for dimensional precision. The required frequency for measurement is set in our quality control procedures.

At the end of the production process, before dispatch or storage, our QM regulations require visual checks, dimensional control and tensile tests on a predetermined percentage of finished products. All tested anchor channels must prove a minimum safety factor against steel failure.

We commission regular, basis steel tests as defined in the DIBt requirements.



Dimensional inspection

The HALFEN management ensures the complete process chain, from the receipt of the raw material until final delivery of the finished products, are controllable and traceable. Therefore, complete traceability and a guarantee of the required performance and quality can be provided for all HALFEN products.

We at HALFEN are fully aware of our responsibility and will continue to maintain our excellent reputation with high quality products!



HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

Materials / Corrosion Protection

Steel – Hot-dip galvanized FV (HDG):

Steel parts dipped in a bath of molten zinc at approx. 460°C, forming an alloy layer between zinc coating and base metal.



Steel – Special thick layer passivation GVs:

Electrolytic application of zinc applying a thick layer of pure zinc with special passivation.



HALFEN Cast-in channels, steel, hot-dip galvanized

| | | Steel | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|-------------|
| | | Material | Standard | Zinc coat ② | |
| | | Channel profile | 1.0038 / 1.0044 | <input type="checkbox"/> DIN EN 10 025-2 ① | FV: ≥ 55 µm |
| | | Bolt anchor B6 | Steel | <input type="checkbox"/> DIN EN 10263 or DIN EN 10269 | FV: ≥ 55 µm |
| | | Weld-on anchor | Steel | <input type="checkbox"/> DIN EN 10 025-2 | FV: ≥ 55 µm |

① Steel according to DIN EN 10 025-2 and HALFEN specification

② values are minimum values. mean values are considerably higher

HALFEN Bolts, galvanized steel

| | | Steel | | | |
|--|--|---------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | | Material | Standard | Zinc coat ② | |
| | | Bolt | Steel grade 4.6 or 8.8 | <input type="checkbox"/> DIN EN ISO 898-1 | FV: ≥ 50 µm GVs: ≥ 12 µm |
| | | Hexagonal nut | Steel grade 5 or 8 | <input type="checkbox"/> DIN EN ISO 898-2 | FV: ≥ 50 µm GVs: ≥ 12 µm |
| | | Washer | Steel | <input type="checkbox"/> DIN EN ISO 7089, 7093 | FV: ≥ 50 µm GVs: ≥ 12 µm |

Stainless steel A4:

Chromium is the most important alloy element in stainless steel. A specific chromium concentration ensures the generation of a passive layer on the surface of the steel that protects the base material against corrosion. This explains the high corrosion resistance of stainless steel.



Materials / Surface finish

- WB** = Steel mill finished (MF)
- FV** = Steel hot-dip galvanized (HDG)
- GVs** = Steel zinc galvanized (with special coating)
- A4** = Steel, stainless 1.4571 / 1.4404 / 1.4578
- HCR** = Steel, stainless 1.4547 / 1.4529

HALFEN Cast-in channels, stainless steel

| | | Stainless steel | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----|
| | | Material | Standard | Corrosion resistance class ② | | |
| | | Channel profile | 1.4404 or 1.4571 | <input type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 10 088 | III |
| | | 1.4529 or 1.4547 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 10 088 | V | |
| | | Bolt anchor B6 | 1.4404, 1.4571 or 1.4578 | <input type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 10 088 | III |
| | | 1.4529 or 1.4547 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 10 088 | V | |
| | Weld-on anchor | 1.4404 or 1.4571 | <input type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 10 088 | III | |
| | | Steel ③ | | <input type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 10 025-2 | |

② See EN 1993-1-4, table A.3 ③ Corrosion protection of mill finished anchor, see page 13






HALFEN Bolts, stainless steel

| | | Stainless steel | | | | |
|--|--------|------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|
| | | Material | Standard | Corrosion resistance class ② | | |
| | | Bolt | 1.4404, 1.4571, 1.4578 (A4-50 or A4-70) | <input type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 3506-1 and DIN EN 10 088 | III |
| | | 1.4529, HCR-50 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 3506-1 | V | |
| | | Hexagonal nut | 1.4404, 1.4571, 1.4578 (A4-50, A4-70) | <input type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 3506-2 and DIN EN 10 088 | III |
| | | 1.4529, HCR-50 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 3506-2 | V | |
| | Washer | 1.4404, 1.4571 | <input type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 10 088 | III | |
| | | 1.4529 or 1.4547 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DIN EN 10 088 | V | |

② See EN 1993-1-4, table A.3

HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

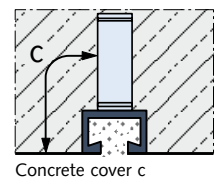
Materials / Corrosion Protection

| Corrosion protection requirements – Material and applications | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Description | Dry interior-rooms | Damp interior-rooms | Medium corrosion level | High level of corrosion |
| Definition of application areas | Anchor channels may only be used in components in indoor environments. For example: living and office spaces, schools; hospitals, commercial shops with the exception of wet rooms as in column 2. | Anchor channels may also be used in components in areas with normal humidity For example: kitchens, bathrooms and laundry-rooms in residential buildings. Exceptions: where permanent steam is present and under water. | Anchor channels may also be used in outdoor environments (including industrial environments and coastal regions) or in wet rooms, if conditions are not especially aggressive (for example: continual immersion in sea water etc. as in column 4). | Anchor channels may also be used in exceptionally aggressive environments (for example: continual immersion in sea water) or in seawater spray zones, chloride environments in swimming pools or in environments with an extremely aggressive chemical atmosphere (for example: flue gas desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icer systems are in use). |
| Channel profile  | Steel 1.0038, 1.0044; EN 10025 Hot-dip galvanized $\geq 55\mu\text{m}$ ⑥ | Steel 1.0038, 1.0044; EN 10025 Hot-dip galvanized $\geq 55\mu\text{m}$ ⑥ Stainless steel 1.4307, 1.4567, 1.4541; EN 10088 | Stainless steel 1.4404, 1.4571, 1.4062, 1.4162, 1.4362 EN 10088 | Stainless steel 1.4462 ②, 1.4529, 1.4547 EN 10088 |
| Anchor  | Steel 1.0038, 1.0214, 1.0401, 1.1132, 1.5525; EN 10263, EN 10269 Hot-dip galvanized $55\mu\text{m}$ ⑥ | Steel 1.0038, 1.0214, 1.0401, 1.1132, 1.5525; EN 10263, EN 10269 Hot-dip galvanized $\geq 55\mu\text{m}$ ⑥ Stainless steel 1.4307, 1.4567, 1.4541; EN 10088 | Stainless steel 1.4404, 1.4571, 1.4362, 1.4578 EN 10088 Mill finish, 1.0038 ③ | |
| Special HALFEN Bolts with shaft and screws in accordance with EN ISO 4018  | Steel strength class 4.6/8.8 EN ISO 898-1 Zinc galvanized $\geq 5\mu\text{m}$ ④ | Steel strength class 4.6 / 8.8; EN ISO 898-1, Hot-dip galvanized $\geq 50\mu\text{m}$ ① ⑤ Stainless steel, strength class 50, 70 1.4307, 1.4567, 1.4541 EN ISO 3506-1 | Stainless steel Strength class 50, 70 1.4404, 1.4571, 1.4362, 1.4578 EN ISO 3506-1 | Stainless steel Strength class 50, 70 1.4462 ②, 1.4529, 1.4547 EN ISO 3506-1 |
| Washers EN ISO 7089 and EN ISO 7093-1 Product classification A, 200 HV  | Steel EN 10025 Zinc galvanized $5\mu\text{m}$ ④ | Steel EN 10025 Hot-dip galvanized $\geq 50\mu\text{m}$ ① ⑤ Stainless steel Steel grade A2, A3; EN ISO 3506-1 | Stainless steel Steel grade A4, A5 EN ISO 3506-1 | Stainless steel 1.4462 ②, 1.4529, 1.4547 EN ISO 3506-1 |
| Hexagonal nut EN ISO 4032  | Steel strength class 5/8 EN ISO 898-2 Zinc galvanized $5\mu\text{m}$ ④ | Steel strength class 5/8 EN ISO 898-2 Hot-dip galvanized $\geq 50\mu\text{m}$ ① ⑤ Stainless steel, strength class 70, 80 Steel grade A2, A3 EN ISO 3506-2 | Stainless steel Strength class 70, 80 Steel grade A4, A5 EN ISO 3506-2 | Stainless steel Strength class 70, 80 1.4462 ②, 1.4529, 1.4547 EN ISO 3506-2 |

① or zinc galvanized with special coating $\geq 12\mu\text{m}$
 ② 1.4462 not suitable for swimming baths (see Eurocode EC3 part 1-4 table A.4)
 ③ Steel in accordance with EN 10025, 1.0038 not for Anchor channels 28/15 and 38/17
 ④ Zinc galvanized in accordance with EN ISO 4042
 ⑤ Hot-dip galvanized in accordance with EN ISO 10684
 ⑥ Hot-dip galvanized in accordance with EN ISO 1461

Concrete cover: Corrosion protection evaluation for mill finished weld-on anchors is based on the following concrete cover c.

| Profile | 38/23 | 50/30P 52/34 53/34 | 55/42 64/44 | 72/48 |
|-----------------------|-------|--------------------------|----------------|-------|
| Concrete cover c [mm] | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 |



Hot-dip galvanized coatings



Coatings applied by hot-dip galvanizing are designed to protect the steel against corrosion, the length of time of corrosion protection by such coatings is proportional to the coating thickness!
 Guaranteed **minimum** local coating thickness for HALFEN products:
 HALFEN Cast-in channels, finish FV (HDG): **55 μm**
 HALFEN T-bolts, finish FV (HDG): **50 μm**



Coating thickness is sometimes provided as mean (average) coating thickness. A **minimum** local coating thickness is considerably smaller than a mean coating thickness!



HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

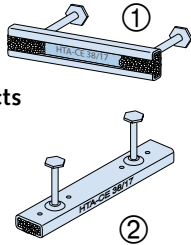
Installation

1.1 Delivery and identification

HALFEN can supply ready-to-install short channels and standard lengths.

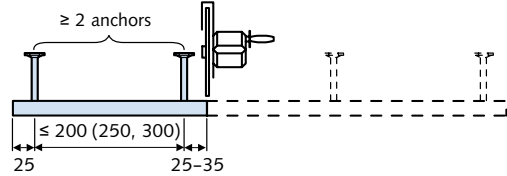
Product identification – standard products

- ① embossment on the channel ridge, inside the channel.
- ② stamping on profile side or back of the channel (outside).



1.2 Installing to formwork

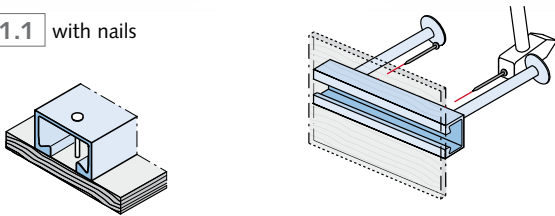
If required, HALFEN Cast-in channels can also be cut to size on site.



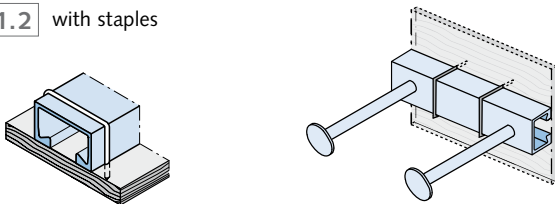
2.1 Fixing to the formwork

Timber formwork

2.1.1 with nails

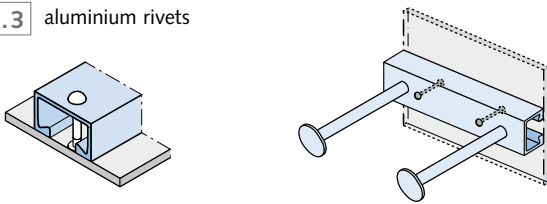


2.1.2 with staples

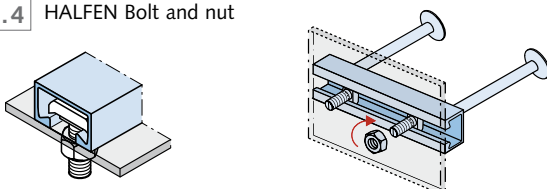


Steel formwork

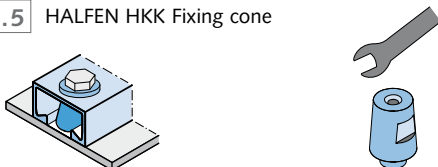
2.1.3 aluminium rivets



2.1.4 HALFEN Bolt and nut



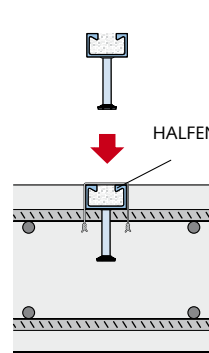
2.1.5 HALFEN HKK Fixing cone



2.2 Top of slab installation

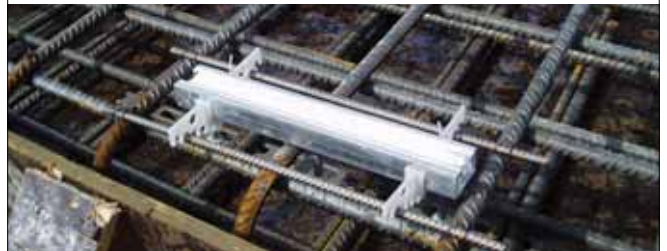
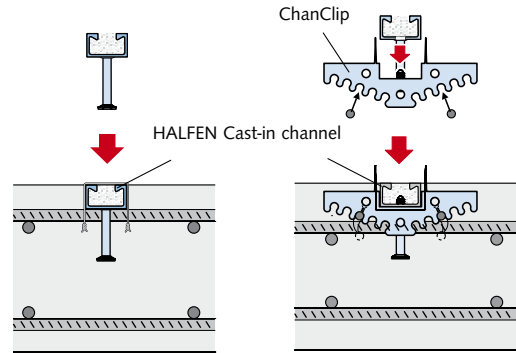
2.2.1

directly to reinforcement:
with tying wire



2.2.2

directly to reinforcement:
with HALFEN ChanClip



2.2.3 Installation using auxiliary aid



HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS

Installation

3.1 Removing the filler after concreting and striking the formwork

Characteristics of HALFEN KF-Polyethylene filler strips:

- closed-cell PE
- non-absorbent
- excellent weatherability
- resistant to ultraviolet light
- ability to compress and recover

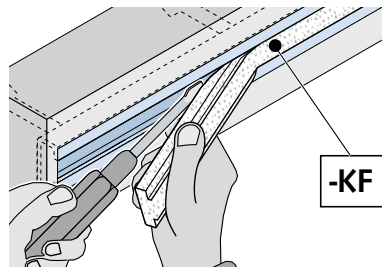
- Notes:**
- Filler can remain in the channel sections not used for fastening
 - KF filler strips allow fast removal in one piece and easy collection for disposal
 - Excessive strip filler has to be cut flush at the channel ends before installation



KF - PE strip filler with reinforcement layer



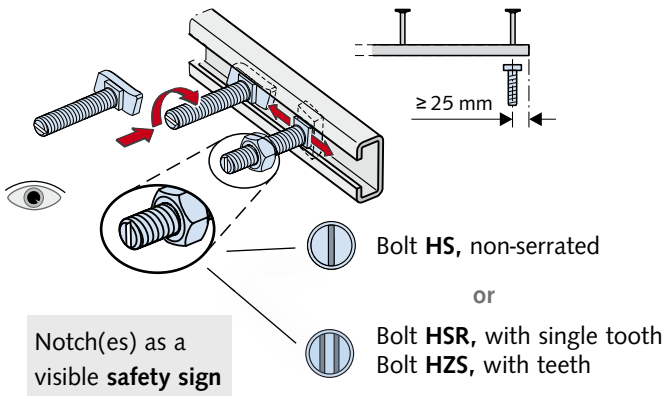
KF - PE strip filler



KF-PE strip filler:

Use a suitable tool to pull out one end of the strip, then pull out the entire filler by hand.

4.1 Installing HALFEN Bolts



Reliable assembly with HALFEN Cast-in channels

HALFEN Bolts can be inserted anywhere in the channel slot, are then turned 90° and locked in place by tightening the nut. Do not position bolts at channel ends past the last anchor (bolt position: ≥ 25 mm from the end of the channel). On channels with bolt anchors, the anchor locations are visible through the channel slot.

Check

After installation check that the bolts are properly aligned; the notch(es) in the tip of the shank must be at right angles to the longitudinal axis of the channel.

Fixing

The bolt heads must sit flush on both flanks of the anchoring channel and be secured by tightening the nut with a torque wrench. The torque values in the tables on pages 31 and 32 must be observed.



Assembly instructions on the internet

Multi-language assembly instructions can be found at our website. Or simply scan the code and select the required document.

HALFEN HZA DYNAGRIP

For fixings with highest requirements



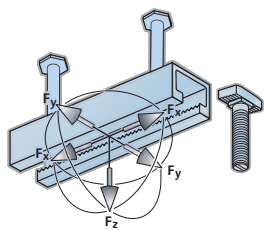
Cast into concrete of structural members and often not visible, HALFEN DYNAGRIP Channels are the hidden components that allow sophisticated structures to be successfully designed and built. DYNAGRIP Channels are typically the first choice whenever safety, sustainability, versatility and construction speed are the dominant project features.

Strong performance

High load capacity in all directions. Loads transferred deep into the concrete through the anchor head. Performance proven in cracked and non-cracked concrete.

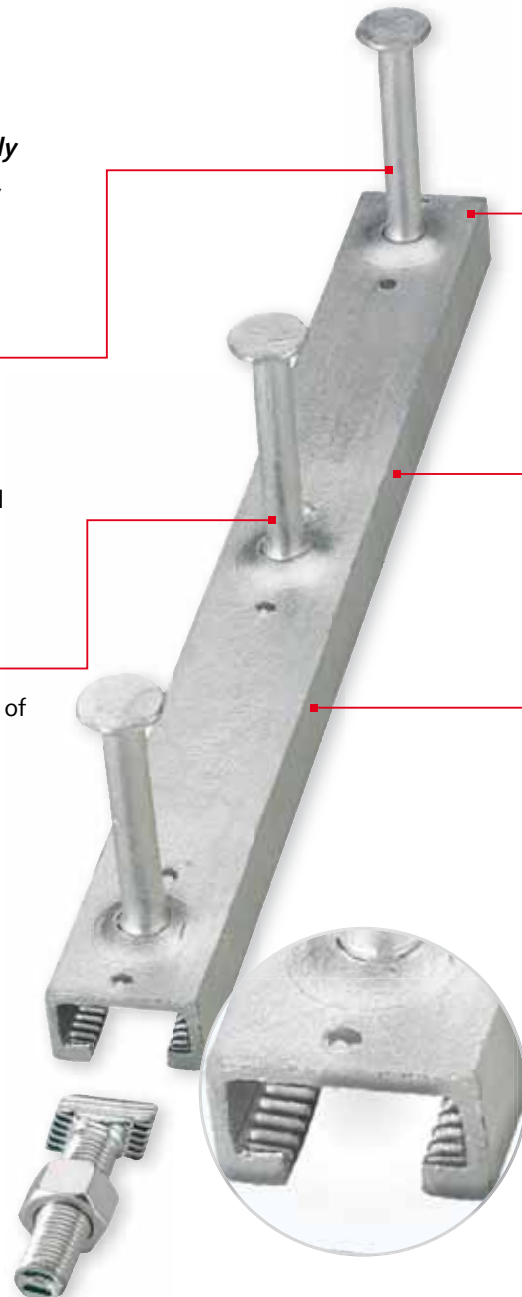
Monitored manufacturing process

ensures the fully reliable connection of the anchors to the channel.



Suitable for 3-D loading

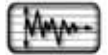
Multi-direction loads are securely transferred into the concrete structure through the channel assembly. Components are securely connected using HALFEN T-bolts.



High longitudinal loads are transferred through the serration in the channel lips and the precisely matched HALFEN T-bolt.

Tested for seismic loading

DYNAGRIP channels were successfully tested, according to the requirements in ACI 355.2-2007.



High dynamic load performance

Hot-rolled low stress profile provides high resistance to dynamic, impact and seismic loads.

Corrosion resistance

Channels and bolts can be supplied in various stainless steel grades, suitable for numerous applications.



Quality is assured

with building authority approvals and ISO 9001/2015 certification.



Environmentally friendly

with an EPD - Environmental product declaration for HTA-CE and HZA



serrated profiles



suitable for 3D-loading



suitable for dynamic loads

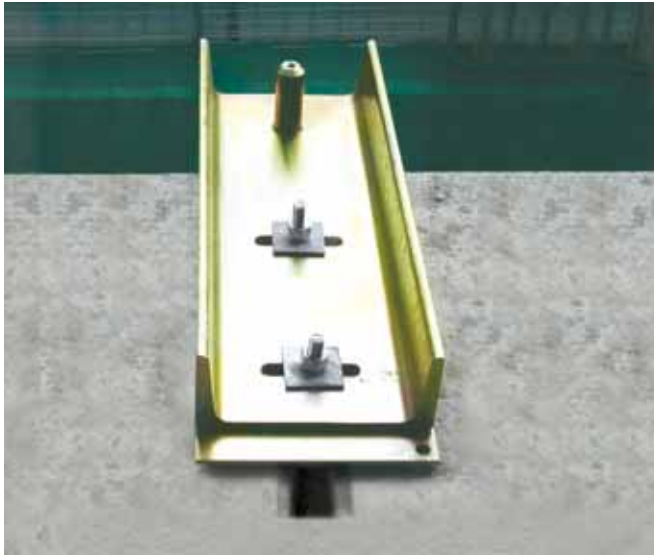


suitable for seismic loads

HALFEN HZA DYNAGRIP CAST-IN CHANNELS

Application Examples

CURTAIN WALL



Close to slab edge Curtain Wall bracket fixing using HZA

FAÇADES



Escape walkway with vertically installed HZA Channels

TUNNEL



Channel installation into tunnel segment formwork

TUNNEL



Finished precast segments with cast-in channels

ELEVATORS



Fixing for guide rails subject to dynamic loading

PRECAST CONSTRUCTION



Vertically installed channels for pipe rack support

HALFEN HZA DYNAGRIP CAST-IN CHANNELS

Product Range

HALFEN HZA Cast-in channels DYNAGRIP

| Profile | HZA 64/44 DYNAGRIP | HZA 53/34 DYNAGRIP | HZA 41/27 DYNAGRIP | HZA 38/23 DYNAGRIP | HZA 29/20 DYNAGRIP |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Geometry HZA DYNAGRIP Cast-in channels | hot-rolled | | | | |
| | | | | | |

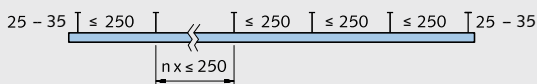
① Maximum installation height incl. production tolerance

| | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| F_{Rd} | 37.8 kN all load directions | 30.8 kN all load directions | 28.0 kN tension / transverse shear 16.8 kN longitudinal shear | 16.8 kN all load directions | 11.2 kN all load directions |
| Material | ■ ■ | ■ ■ | ■ | ■ ■ | ■ |
| Bolt | HZS 64/44 | HZS 53/34 | HZS 38/23 | HZS 38/23 | HZS 29/20 |
| | ■ FV = Steel hot-dip galvanized 1.0044 | ■ A4 = Stainless steel 1.4571/1.4404 | | | |

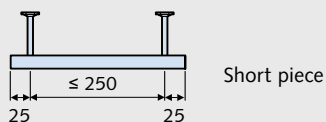
HALFEN HZA Cast-in channels DYNAGRIP – Lengths and Anchor spacings

HZA DYNAGRIP 38/23, 41/27, 53/34, 64/44

Fixed standard lengths (standard anchor spacings of $s = 250$):
Channel length = (no. of anchor spacings $\times 250$) + 2×25 (2×35)



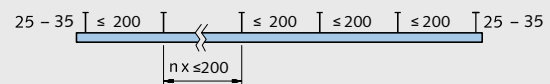
Short and made-to-order lengths (special anchor spacing $s \leq 250$):
Example: channel length $l = 300$



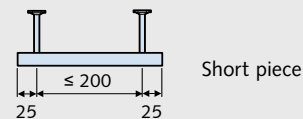
Dimensions in [mm]

HZA DYNAGRIP 29/20

Fixed standard lengths (standard anchor spacings of $s = 200$):
Channel length = (no. of anchor spacings $\times 200$) + 2×25 (2×35)



Short and made-to-order lengths (special anchor spacing $s \leq 200$):
Example: channel length $l = 250$



Dimensions in [mm]

HALFEN HZA DYNAGRIP CAST-IN CHANNELS

Design

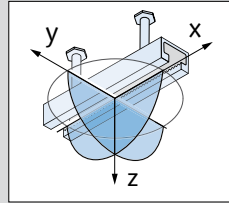
HZA DYNAGRIP Design resistances

Design resistance F_{Rd} in non-cracked / cracked concrete

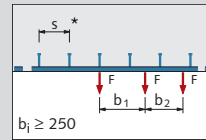
Equal load bearing capacity in **all directions**

Concrete \geq C20/25 ^①

$$F_{Ed} = \sqrt{N_{Ed}^2 + V_{x,Ed}^2 + V_{y,Ed}^2} \leq F_{Rd}$$



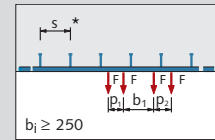
Single loads



F_{Rd} [kN]

$b_i \geq 250$

Paired loads



F_{Rd} [kN] ^②

$p_i \geq 50$

$p_i \geq 100$

$p_i \geq 150$



Profile HZA DYNAGRIP

64/44

53/34

38/23

29/20

37.8

30.8
26.6 (for profiles in A4)

16.8

11.2

-

-

9.4

6.3

22.4

19.25

10.7

7.6

-

-

12.0

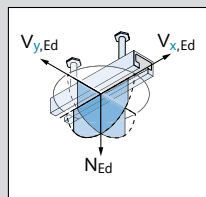
9.0

*s = Anchor spacing

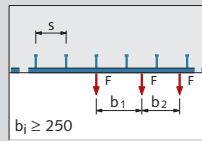
Design resistance F_{Rd} and $V_{x,Rd}$ for HZA 41/27 DYNAGRIP in non-cracked / cracked concrete

$$\begin{aligned} V_{x,Ed} &\leq V_{x,Rd} \\ V_{y,Ed} &\leq V_{y,Rd} \\ N_{Ed} &\leq N_{Rd} \\ F_{Ed} &= \sqrt{N_{Ed}^2 + V_{x,Ed}^2 + V_{y,Ed}^2} \leq F_{Rd} \end{aligned}$$

Concrete \geq C20/25 ^①

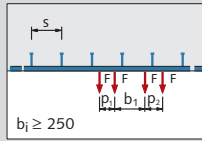


Single loads



$b_i \geq 250$

Paired loads



$p_i \geq 50$

$p_i \geq 100$

$p_i \geq 150$

Profile HZA 41/27 DYNAGRIP

$N_{Rd} = F_{Rd}$ [kN] ^②

$V_{x,Rd}$ [kN] ^②

$V_{y,Rd}$ [kN] ^②

28.0

16.8

28.0

-

9.4

-

17.5

10.7**

17.5

-

12.0**

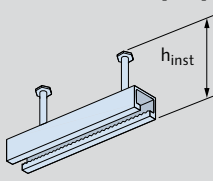
-

*s = Anchor spacing

** for actual test results see page 39

Minimum spacing a_r , a_e , a_a , a_f and h

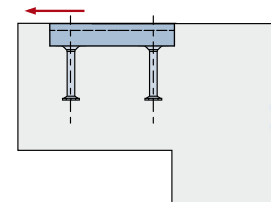
Minimum (standard) spacing HALFEN HZA DYNAGRIP Cast-in channel [mm] *

| All dimensions in [mm] | Minimum channel spacing | | | | Minimum component size | |
|---|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------|------------------|
| | a_r | a_a | a_e | a_f | b ^③ | h ^④ |
|  | | | | | | |
| HZA 64/44 DYNAGRIP | 250 | 500 | 225 | 450 | 500 | 187 + c |
| HZA 53/34 DYNAGRIP | 200 | 400 | 175 | 350 | 400 | 177 + c |
| HZA 41/27 DYNAGRIP | 200 | 400 | 175 | 350 | 400 | 156 + c |
| HZA 38/23 DYNAGRIP | 150 | 300 | 130 | 250 | 300 | 99 + c |
| HZA 29/20 DYNAGRIP | 100 | 200 | 80 | 200 | 200 | 87 + c |

* HALFEN Engineering can be contacted for verification of smaller spacing requirements

Channel spacing

The minimum spacing specified in the table applies to reinforced standard weight concrete of all strength classes \geq C20/25. There are no requirements for reinforcement if spacing is increased by 30%.



Perpendicular channel arrangement

① The allowable loads for C20/25 may be reduced by the factor 0.7 when anchoring in concrete of strength class C12/15 and by a factor of 0.67 when anchored in lightweight dense concrete \geq LC 25/28, expanded clay or slate or pumice-stone material.

② Intermediate values may be used linearly.

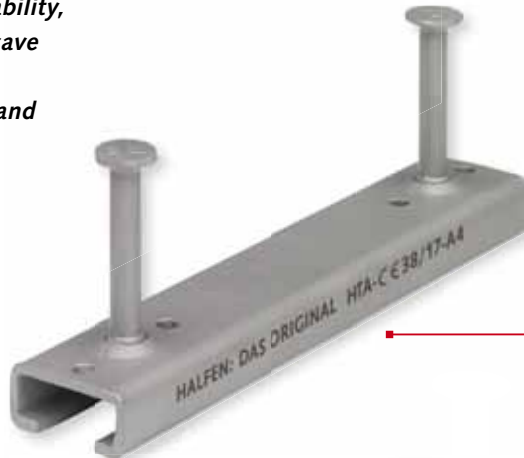
③ Minimum component width $b = 2 \times a_r$ applies for single channel configuration.

④ Determined by installation height h_{inst} plus concrete cover "c". h_{inst} = maximum installation height including tolerance.

HALFEN HTA-CE Cast-in channels

The Cast-in Channel with European Technical Approval

A part from excellent adjustability, HALFEN Cast-in channels save considerable installation time. The result: faster construction and therefore reduced overall cost.



HALFEN HTA-CE Channels
cold-formed

Safe and reliable

- no drilling – no damage to the reinforcement
- approved for fire-resistant structural elements (R120)
- suitable for use in concrete pressure and tensile stress zones (cracked / non-cracked concrete)
- high corrosion resistance steels available
- suitable for dynamic loads
- European Technical Approval
- precise calculation with HALFEN-Software



HALFEN HTA-CE Channels
hot-rolled



suitable for dynamic loads

Quality is assured
with building authority approvals and ISO 9001/2015 certification.



Quick and economical

- adjustable anchoring
- bolts instead of welding
- maximum efficiency when installing matrices and rows
- cost effective installation using standard tools
- optimised pre-planning reduces construction time
- large range of types available for various requirements
- no noise, no vibration during installation, therefore no health hazards



**NEW: HTA-CE 50/30P
and HTA-CE 40/22P.**
With more load capacity

HTA-CE with CE mark

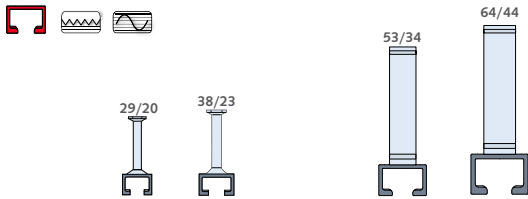
HTA-CE Channels are designed according to CEN/TS 1992-4 (later EC2/EN1992), EOTA TR047 and bear the CE mark – a sign for tested quality and conformity to EC directives.

Channel range and steel load capacity/tension

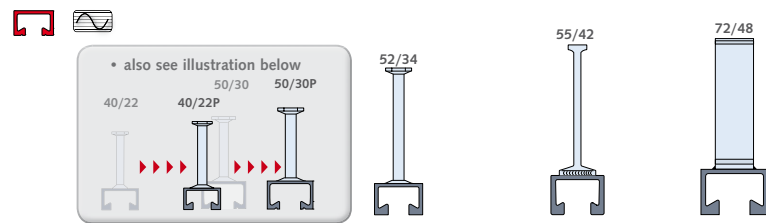
HALFEN has enhanced its anchor channel range; two new channel profiles are now available: HTA-CE 40/22P and HTA-CE 50/30P.

The different profiles can now cover a significantly higher load range, providing up to 45% more load capacity. Therefore allowing more economical solutions.

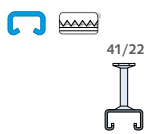
Load capacities for HALFEN Channels hot-rolled, serrated



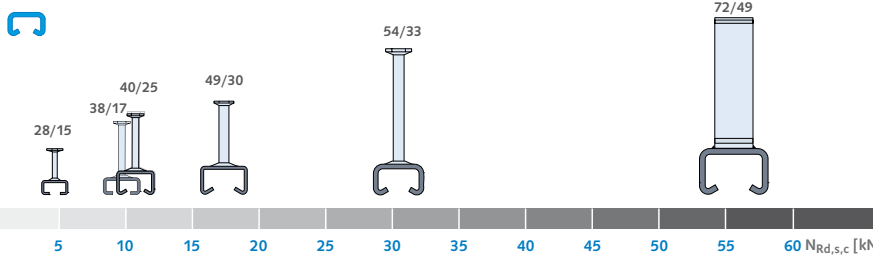
Load capacities for HALFEN Channels hot-rolled



Load capacities for HALFEN Channels cold-rolled, serrated



Load capacities for HALFEN Channels cold-rolled



HALFEN Anchor channels – with increased load capacity! NEW!

New: HTA-CE 40/22P – Previously, for a load of $N_{Ed} > 11.1$ kN the next larger channel had to be selected; a HTA-CE 50/30 (with $N_{Rd,s,c} = 17.2$ kN) instead of a HTA-CE 40/22.

Now in most cases the HTA-CE 40/22P (with $N_{Rd,s,c} = 16.1$ kN) is sufficient. This also allows a more economical screw to be used; a HS 40/22 instead of a HS 50/30.

HTA-CE 50/30P – Previously, for a load of $N_{Ed} > 17.2$ kN the next larger channel had to be selected; a HTA-CE 52/34 (with $N_{Rd,s,c} = 30.6$ kN) instead of a HTA-CE 50/30. Now in most cases the HTA-CE 50/30P (with $N_{Rd,s,c} = 21.7$ kN) is sufficient.

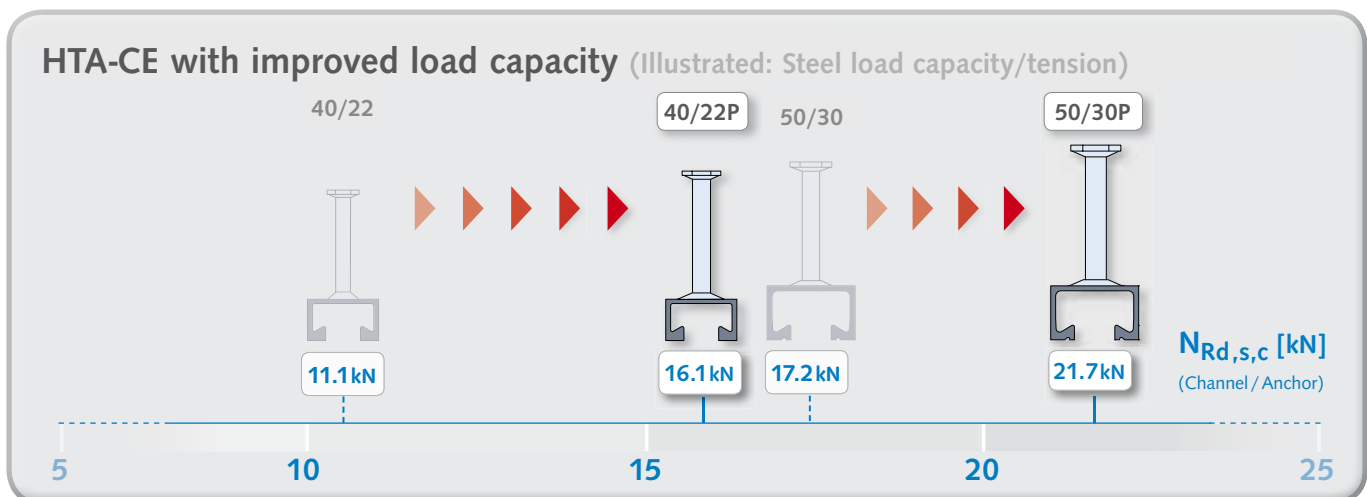
On-site safety: In many projects, different applications are therefore possible using a single channel profile. This reduces the risk of confusion when using different channels in one project. Furthermore, fewer bolt/screw types are required.

Minimal channel size for economical reinforcement layouts:

In respect to its load bearing capacity the new HTA-CE 40/22P can almost always be used instead of a HTA-CE 50/30. With a height of only 23 mm, the new channel is almost always installed completely in the required concrete cover. This allows more efficient reinforcement planning (mesh and supplementary reinforcement).

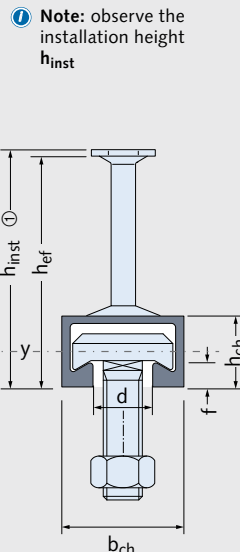
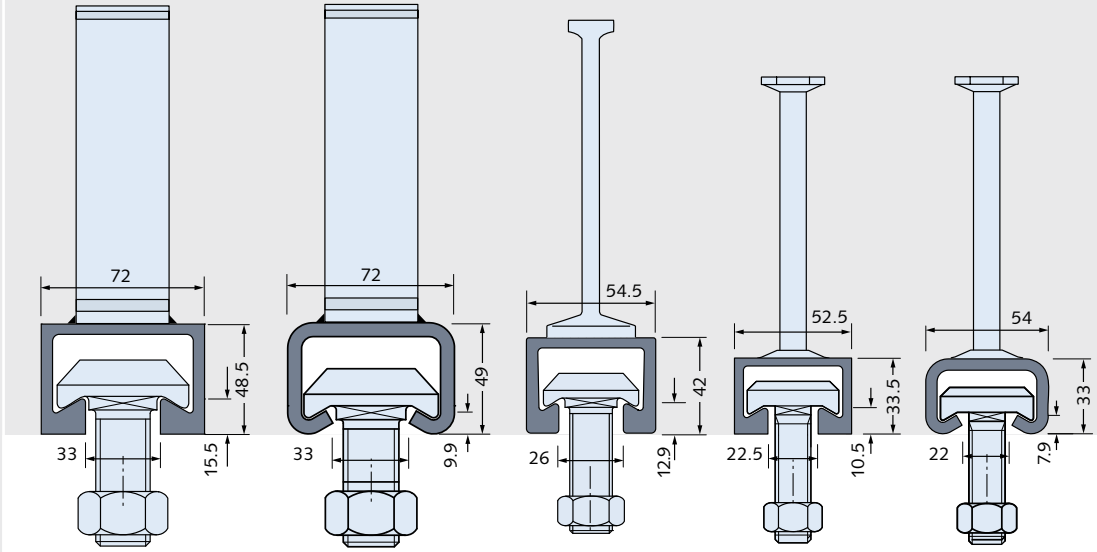
European certification:

The new HTA-CE 40/22P and HTA-CE 50/30P types are included in ETA-16/0453 and are therefore certified for use, without restrictions, in 30 European countries.



HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS HTA-CE

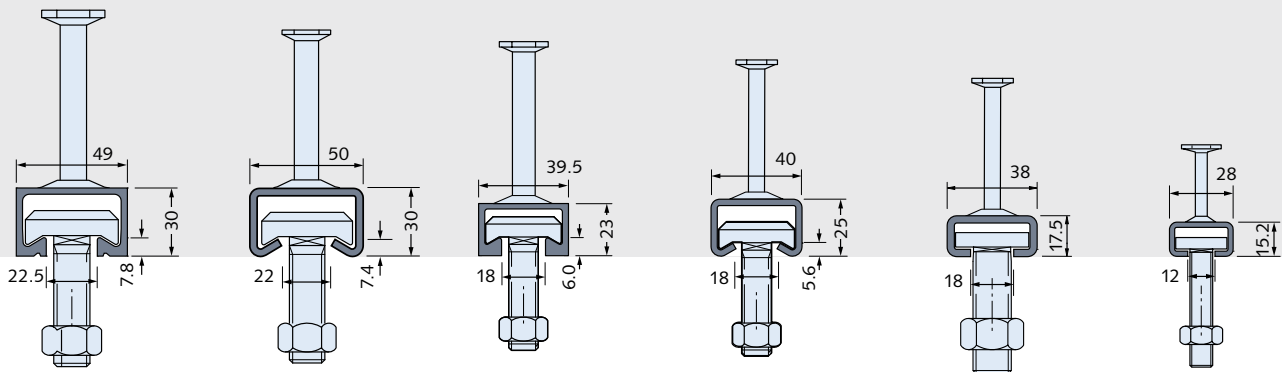
Product Range: Overview of Channels + Bolts

| Identification values HTA-CE | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| Profile | HTA-CE 72/48 | HTA-CE 72/49 | HTA-CE 55/42 | HTA-CE 52/34 | HTA-CE 54/33 | |
| Type | hot-rolled | cold-rolled | hot-rolled | hot-rolled | cold-rolled | |
| Geometry HALFEN Channels HTA-CE  <p>Note: observe the installation height h_{inst}</p> | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | |
| Material | Steel | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | A4 | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | HCR | | | | | |
| Bolts | HS 72/48 | HS 72/48 | HS 50/30 | HS 50/30 | HS 50/30 | |
| Threads | M20 - M 30 | M20 - M30 | M10 - M20 | M10 - M20 | M10 - M20 | |
| s_{slb} [mm] | 129 | 129 | 109 | 88 | 88 | |
| Profile load capacity | | | | | | |
| $N_{Rd,s,l}$ [kN] | 55.6 | 55.6 | 44.4 | 36.1 | 30.6 | |
| $V_{Rd,s,l}$ [kN] | 72.2 | | 57.8 | 39.7 | | |
| $M_{Rd,s,flex}$ [Nm] | Steel | 7472 | - | 5606 | 2933 | 2595 |
| | NR | 7630 | 7493 | - | 2996 | 2595 |
| Geometry | | | | | | |
| h_{inst} [mm] ① ② | (191) | (193) | 182 (185) | 162 (164) | 161 (164) | |
| b_{ch} [mm] | 72 | 72 | 54.5 | 52.5 | 54 | |
| h_{ch} [mm] | 48.5 | 49 | 42 | 33.5 | 33 | |
| I_y [mm ⁴] | Steel | 349721 | 293579 | 187464 | 93262 | 72079 |
| | NR | | | | | |
| h_{ef} [mm] | 179 | 179 | 175 | 155 | 155 | |
| c_{min} [mm] | 150 | 150 | 100 | 100 | 100 | |
| <p>* Concrete load capacity has to be verified for each individual case (taking the geometric boundary conditions into account). c_{min} = minimal spacing channel/concrete edge $N_{Rd,s,l}$ = channel lip load capacity (tension) ① Nominal size and tolerance NR = Stainless steel $V_{Rd,s,l}$ = channel lip load capacity (shear) ② () value in brackets is for weld-on I-anchors s_{slb} = axial spacing for bolts for $N_{Rd,s,l}$ Materials: See page 12</p> | | | | | | |

HALFEN CAST-IN CHANNELS HTA-CE

Product Range: Overview of Channels + Bolts

| | HTA-CE 50/30P NEW! | HTA-CE 49/30 | HTA-CE 40/22P NEW! | HTA-CE 40/25 | HTA-CE 38/17 | HTA-CE 28/15 |
|--|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | hot-rolled | cold-rolled | hot-rolled | cold-rolled | cold-rolled | cold-rolled |

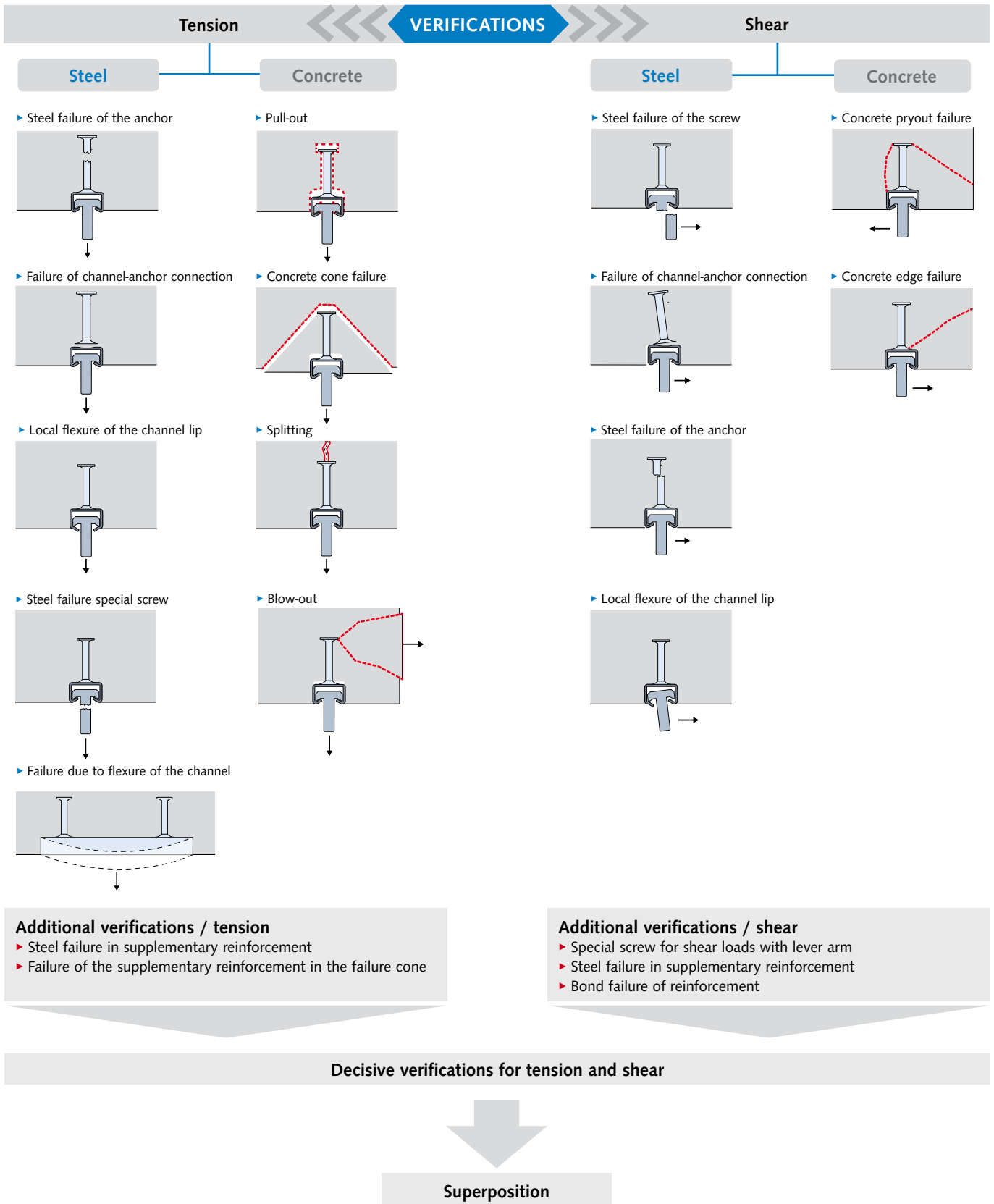


| | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | ☒ | | | ☒ | ☒ |
| | HS 50/30 | HS 50/30 | HS 40/22 | HS 40/22 | HS 38/17 | HS 28/15 |
| | M10 - M20 | M10 - M20 | M10 - M16 | M10 - M16 | M10 - M16 | M6 - M12 |
| | 98 | 81 | 79 | 65 | 52 | 42 |
| | 21.7 | 17.2 | 19.4 | 11.1 | 10.0 | 5.0 |
| | 22.4 | | | | | |
| | 2437 | 1455 | 1208 | 956 | 504 | 276 |
| | 2743 | 1485 | 1358 | 931 | 516 | 282 |
| | 112 (161) | 103 (101) | 97 (154) | 89 (89) | 81 (82) | 50 (79) |
| | 49 | 50 | 39.5 | 40 | 38 | 28.0 |
| | 30 | 30 | 23 | 25 | 17.5 | 15.25 |
| | 52575 | 41827 | 19859 | 20570 | 8547 | 4060 |
| | | | 19859 | 19097 | | |
| | 106 | 94 | 91 | 79 | 76 | 45 |
| | 75 | 75 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 40 |

HALFEN HTA-CE CAST-IN CHANNELS

Design

Verification method according to CEN/TS 1992-4 / EOTA TR 047 / EN 1992-4



HALFEN HTA-CE CAST-IN CHANNELS

Design

HALFEN Software

The HALFEN Cast-in channel design software allows the flexible design for HALFEN HTA-CE and HZA Cast-in channels. The software, a powerful and convenient design tool, can be downloaded from the HALFEN website.

HTA-CE Channel design

Optionally the cast-in channel verification can be done following the provisions of

- CEN/TS 1992-4
- EOTA TR 047
- AC 232.

HZA DYNAGRIP design

The design follows the provisions of the National Technical Approval Z-21.4-1691. The design includes verifications of loads acting in the longitudinal direction of the HZA DYNAGRIP Channels.

Input

The geometry and loads are entered

interactively. Entries are displayed promptly in a 3D graphic. Entries can also be changed directly in the graphic. Click on the load, the measurement or the component line you want to change to make the required modification. Various options to take existing or additional reinforcement into account are provided.

Results

After calculation, the software output provides either the results for a preselected profile, or – in the case of automatic selection – a list of all suitable profiles. The important results such as degree of utilisation or the decisive mode of failure are displayed in clear overview so that they are easy to understand.

Having the knowledge of the decisive failure mode allows the engineer to modify relevant boundary conditions in order to optimize the cast-in channel design.



Screenshot 1: The HALFEN Software start screen



Screenshot 2: Input GUI (Graphic User Interface), HALFEN Software

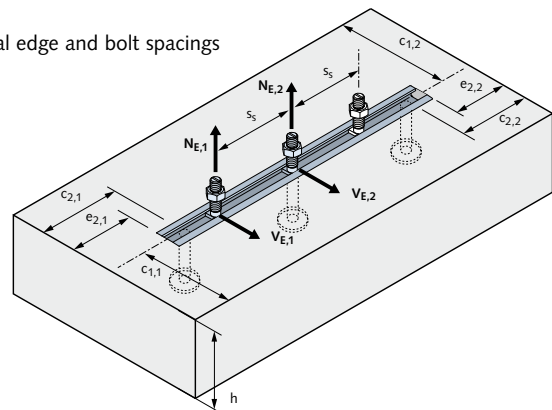
Minimum edge distances and minimum bolt spacing

Anchors must be installed at a minimum distance from the component edges. The distance depends on the selected channel profile and the corresponding HALFEN T-bolt.

According to the ETA, the spacing between bolts s_s must not be less than $5 \times d_s$. Reduction is required if $s_s < s_{slb}^*$.

* s_{slb} = centre distance of the bolts for N_{Rd}
(→ see also page 22)

Figure: Minimal edge and bolt spacings



| Edge and bolt spacing [mm] | | 28/15 | | 38/17 | | 40/25 40/22 P | | 49/30 | | 50/30 P | | 54/33 52/34 | | 55/42 | | 72/49 72/48 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|-------|----|-------|----|------------------|----|-------|----|---------|----|----------------|----|-------|----|----------------|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| M | | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $s_{s,min}$ | | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 100 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 100 | 100 | 60 | 80 | 100 | 100 | 120 | 135 | 150 |
| c_{min} | | 40 | | 50 | | 50 | | 75 | | 75 | | 100 | | 100 | | 150 | | | | | | | | |
| e_{min} | | 15 | | 25 | | 25 | | 50 | | 40 | | 65 | | 65 | | 115 | | | | | | | | |

HALFEN HTA-CE CAST-IN CHANNELS

Customized Cast-in Channels

HALFEN Channels – Curved Solutions

Due to equal load bearing characteristics in all directions HZA DYNAGRIP Channels are particularly suitable for applications in tunnels.

Areas of application

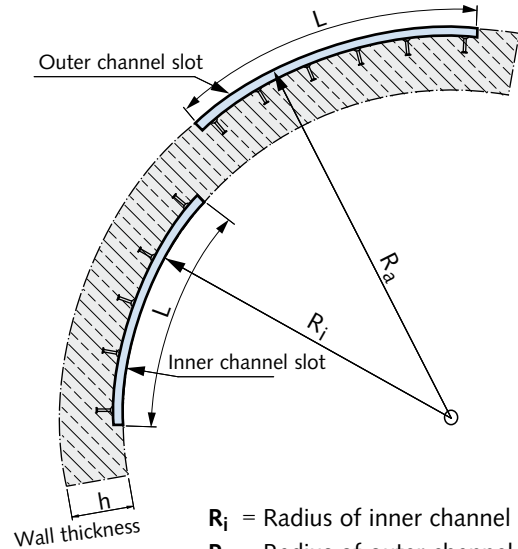
- tunnel construction
- reinforced concrete pipes for utility shafts
- curved walls
- sewage plants

Ordering example:

HALFEN Cast-in channel, curved
HZA-CS 38/23 - A4,
 $R_i = 4000\text{ mm}$, $L = 1050\text{ mm}$



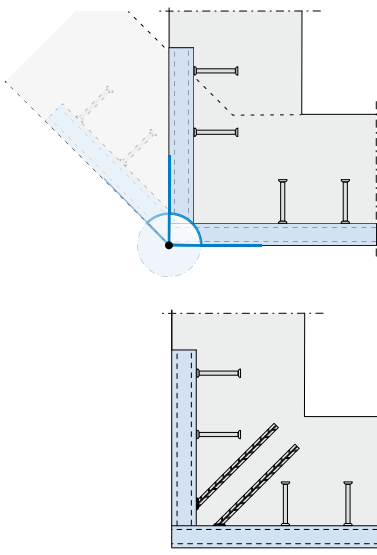
Curved HALFEN Cast-in channels in tunnel segments



R_i = Radius of inner channel slot
 R_a = Radius of outer channel slot
 L = Length of channel after bending (max. 5400 mm)

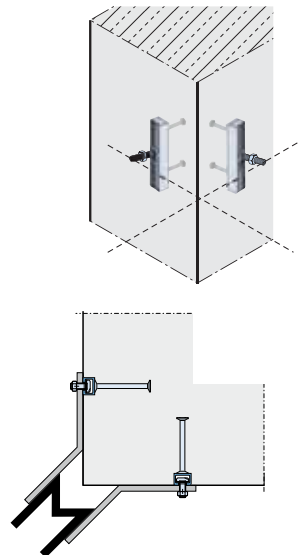
HALFEN Corner channel

Conventional solutions (at times on-site solutions)



- Channels must be welded together by manufacturer to avoid liability disputes
- Reinforcement congestion to be considered for installation feasibility
- Different corner angles require different special constructions

Use of serrated HZA DYNAGRIP Channels



- Standard short channels can be used - no welding required
- Due to offset-arrangement channels can be installed closely to edge without collision of bolt anchors.
- Increased safety

HALFEN Bolts

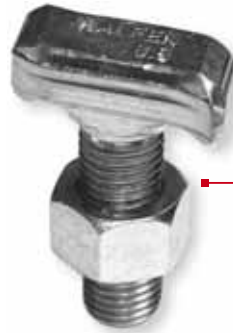
The Advantages at a Glance

HALFEN HS Bolts with S-shaped head for an even more reliable fit:
The special shape of the head ensures enhanced protection against bolt slippage in the channel.

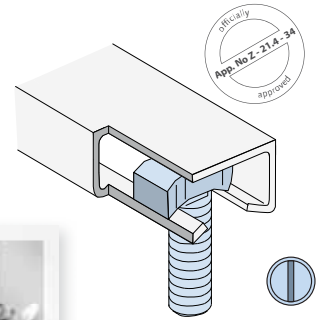
HALFEN HS Bolts

for all type of HTA profiles

- load bearing in 2 directions
- identified on the shank tip with 1 notch



Type HS

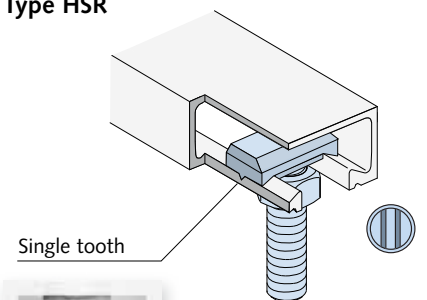


HALFEN HSR Bolt with single tooth

- positive interlock between tooth and channel profile lip
- allows the application of considerably high longitudinal loads – in combination with HDG hot-rolled channels
- allows high torque moments
- identified on the shank tip with 2 notches



Type HSR

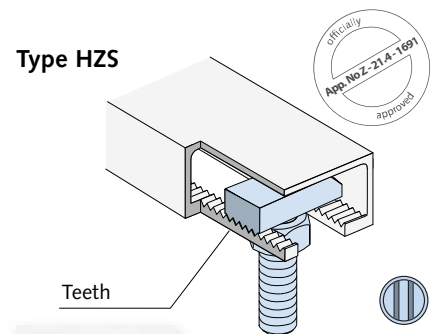


HALFEN HZS serrated Bolts

- completely serrated T-bolt head ensures optimal positive locking in the longitudinal direction, all risk of slippage is eliminated.
- suitable for dynamic and seismic applications
- identified on the shank tip with 2 notches

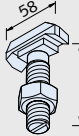
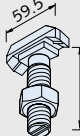
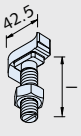
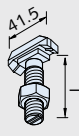
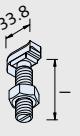


Type HZS



HALFEN BOLTS

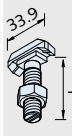
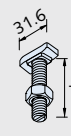
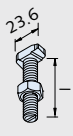
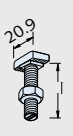
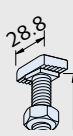
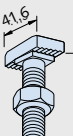
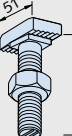
Product Range

| HALFEN Bolts HS / HSR / HZS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------|-------|-------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|--------|---|--|---|
| Suitable for profile | HTA-CE 72/48, 72/49 | | | | HTA-CE 72/48 | HTA-CE 55/42, 52/34, 54/33, 50/30P, 49/30 | | | | HTA-CE 55/42, 52/34, 50/30P | | HTA-CE 40/22P, 40/25 | | |
| Bolt type | HS 72/48 | | | | HSR 72/48 | HS 50/30 | | | | HSR 50/30 | | HS 40/22 | | |
| Bolt size |  | | | |  |  | | | |  | |  | | |
| I [mm] / Ø | M 20 | M 24 | M 27 | M 30 | M20 | M10 | M 12 | M 16 | M 20 | M16 | M20 | M 10 | M 12 | M 16 |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | |
| 25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | | | | | | FV4.6 GVs4.6 | A4-70 GVs4.6 | A4-50 GVs4.6 | | | | A4-70 GVs4.6 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | A4-50 GVs4.6 |
| 35 | | | | | | | | | GVs4.6 | | | | | |
| 40 | | | | | | GVs4.6 | A4-70 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | | FV8.8 | | A4-70 GVs4.6 | A4-50 A4-70 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | GVs4.6 |
| 45 | | | | | | | GVs8.8 | | A4-50 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | | GVs8.8 | | GVs8.8 | |
| 50 | FV4.6 | A4-50 FV4.6 | | | | GVs4.6 | A4-70 GVs4.6 | HCR-50* A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | | | | A4-70 GVs4.6 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | A4-70 A4-50 A4-50L FV4.6 GVs4.6 |
| 55 | | | | | | | | | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | | | | | |
| 60 | FV8.8 | | | | | | FV4.6 FV8.8* GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | A4-50 FV8.8 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | GVs4.6 | FV4.6 FV8.8* GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | FV4.6 FV8.8 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 |
| 65 | | | | | | | | | GVs4.6 | | | | | |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75 | FV4.6 GVs8.8 | FV4.6 FV8.8 | FV4.6 | FV4.6 | FV8.8 | | | | A4-50 GVs4.6 | | GVs8.8 | | | |
| 80 | | | | | | | FV8.8* GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | HCR-50* A4-50 A4-50L FV8.8* GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | FV4.6* | | | GVs4.6 | A4-50 A4-50L FV4.6 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | A4-50 A4-50L GVs4.6 GVs8.8 |
| 87 | | | | | | | | A4-70T A4-70T | | | | | | |
| 100 | FV4.6 GVs8.8 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs8.8 | FV8.8 | FV4.6 | | | A4-50 GVs4.6 | A4-50T FV4.6 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 |
| 125 | | | | | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | A4-50 GVs4.6 | | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 |
| 150 | FV4.6 | FV4.6 | | FV4.6 | | | GVs4.6 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 |
| 200 | FV4.6 | FV4.6 | | FV4.6 | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 |
| 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GVs4.6 |
| 300 | | | | | | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | | | | GVs4.6 |

L = left-hand thread T = partial thread GVs = special thick layer passivation FV = hot-dip galvanized A2, A4, HCR = stainless steel grades * on request

HALFEN BOLTS

Product Range

| Profile | HTA-CE 40/22P | | HTA-CE 38/17, HZA 38/23 | | HTA 28/15 | | | | HZA 29/20 | HZA 38/23 HZA 41/27 | | HZA 53/34 | HZA 64/44 | | |
|-----------|---|--------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|--------|---|--------|---|---|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Bolt type | HSR 40/22 | | HS 38/17 | | HS 28/15 | | | | HZS 29/20 | HZS 38/23 | | HZS 53/34 | HZS 64/44 | | |
| Bolt size |  | |  | |  | | | |  |  | |  | |  | |
| l / ø | M16 | M 10 | M 12 | M 16 | M 6 | M 8 | M10 | M12 | M12 | M12 | M16 | M16 | M20 | M20 | M24 |
| 15 | | | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | | | | A4-50 | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | A4-70 GVs4.6 | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | | A4-70 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | A4-70 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | A4-50 GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | A4-70 A4-70 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | | | | | |
| 35 | | | | | | | | GVs4.6 | | | | | | | |
| 40 | GVs8.8 | GVs4.6 | A4-70 GVs4.6 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | A4-70 FV8.8 GVs4.6 | | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | | | | |
| 45 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | | FV4.6 GVs4.6 | A4-70 A4-50L FV4.6 GVs4.6 | A4-50 A4-50L FV4.6 GVs4.6 | | GVs4.6 | HCR-50* A4-70 A4-50L FV4.6 GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | FV8.8* GVs8.8 | FV8.8* GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | | | | |
| 55 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | FV8.8* GVs8.8 | GVs4.6 | HCR-50* A4-70 GVs4.6 GVs8.8 | A4-50 FV8.8 GVs4.6 | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | A4-70 FV8.8 GVs8.8 | A4-70 FV8.8* GVs8.8 | | | |
| 65 | | | | | | | | | | | | | A4-70 FV8.8* GVs8.8 | | |
| 70 | | | | FV8.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | | | | A4-70T | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80 | | GVs4.6 | A4-70 A4-50L GVs4.6 | A4-50 FV4.6 GVs4.6 | | GVs4.6 | A4-70 GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | A4-70 FV8.8* GVs8.8 | FV8.8* GVs8.8 | FV8.8* GVs8.8 | A4-70* FV8.8* GVs8.8* | A4-70* FV8.8* GVs8.8* |
| 87 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | | GVs4.6 | A4-50 GVs4.6 | FV4.6 GVs4.6 | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | | | GVs8.8 | A4-70 FV8.8* GVs8.8 | A4-70 FV8.8* GVs8.8 | | FV8.8* GVs8.8* |
| 125 | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | | GVs4.6 | | | | | | | A4-70* GVs8.8* | |
| 150 | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | | GVs4.6 | | | | GVs8.8 | | | | A4-70* GVs8.8* |
| 200 | | | GVs4.6 | GVs4.6 | | | GVs4.6 | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

HALFEN T-bolts listed above are standard stock items; alternative T-bolt configurations available on request (*).

HALFEN BOLTS

Design

Bolt design values HS

The design resistance of HALFEN Bolts with different thread diameters materials and strength classes can be found in the table on the right.

$N_{Rd,s,s}$ is the resistance against tension loads, $V_{Rd,s,s}$ against shear loads and $M^0_{Rd,s,s}$ is the flexural resistance when subjected to transverse load induced in a cantilever.

The bending moment verification for HS-bolts is integrated in the new HALFEN Cast-in channel design software and no longer requires manual verification.

Design resistances according to ETA 09/0339

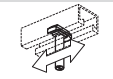
| Material | | M 6 | M 8 | M 10 | M 12 | M 16 | M 20 | M 24 | M 27 | M 30 |
|---------------------|---------------------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| 4.6 | $N_{Rd,s,s}$ [kN] | 4.0 | 7.3 | 11.6 | 16.9 | 31.4 | 49.0 | 70.6 | 91.8 | 112.2 |
| | $V_{Rd,s,s}$ [kN] | 2.9 | 5.3 | 8.3 | 12.1 | 22.6 | 35.2 | 50.7 | 66.0 | 80.6 |
| | $M^0_{Rd,s,s}$ [Nm] | 3.8 | 9.0 | 17.9 | 31.4 | 79.8 | 155.4 | 268.9 | 398.7 | 538.7 |
| 8.8 | $N_{Rd,s,s}$ [kN] | 10.7 | 19.5 | 30.9 | 44.9 | 83.7 | 130.7 | 188.3 | 244.8 | 299.2 |
| | $V_{Rd,s,s}$ [kN] | 6.4 | 11.7 | 18.6 | 27.0 | 50.2 | 78.4 | 113.0 | 146.9 | 179.5 |
| | $M^0_{Rd,s,s}$ [Nm] | 9.8 | 24.0 | 47.8 | 83.8 | 213.1 | 415.4 | 718.4 | 1065.2 | 1439.4 |
| Stainless steel -50 | $N_{Rd,s,s}$ [kN] | 3.5 | 6.4 | 10.1 | 14.8 | 27.4 | 42.8 | 61.7 | 80.2 | 98.1 |
| | $V_{Rd,s,s}$ [kN] | 2.5 | 4.6 | 7.3 | 10.6 | 19.8 | 30.9 | 44.5 | 57.9 | 70.7 |
| | $M^0_{Rd,s,s}$ [Nm] | 3.2 | 7.9 | 15.7 | 27.5 | 70.0 | 136.3 | 235.8 | 349.7 | 472.5 |
| Stainless steel -70 | $N_{Rd,s,s}$ [kN] | 7.5 | 13.7 | 21.7 | 31.6 | 58.8 | 91.7 | 132.1 | 171.8 | 210.0 |
| | $V_{Rd,s,s}$ [kN] | 5.4 | 9.9 | 15.6 | 22.7 | 42.2 | 66.0 | 95.1 | 123.6 | 151.0 |
| | $M^0_{Rd,s,s}$ [Nm] | 6.9 | 16.8 | 33.5 | 58.8 | 149.4 | 291.3 | 503.7 | 746.9 | 1009.2 |

Design values in longitudinal direction

In general the following three combinations can be used in supporting-structures subjected to loads in channel longitudinal direction:

- hot-rolled, non-serrated, hot-dip galvanized channels with HALFEN T-bolts HSR
- serrated HALFEN Channels HZA with serrated HALFEN T-bolts HZS
- non-serrated channels with HALFEN T-bolts HS based on friction only (resistance values on the right)

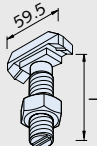
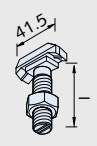
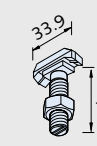
Design value F_{Rd} [kN] in channel longitudinal direction (per bolt)

|  | for steel profiles | | for profiles in Stainless steel | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|
| | Bolt type HS with strength class | | | |
| | Thread Ø | 4.6 | 8.8 ① | A4-50 |
| M 6 | 0.14 | 0.56 | | |
| M 8 | 0.28 | 0.98 | | 0.28 |
| M 10 | 0.42 | 1.54 | | 0.42 |
| M 12 | 0.70 | 2.24 | | 0.70 |
| M 16 | 1.26 | 4.20 | | 1.26 |
| M 20 | 1.96 | 6.58 | | 1.96 |
| M 24 | 2.80 | 9.52 | | 2.80 |
| M 27 | 3.64 | 12.46 | | |
| M 30 | 4.48 | 15.26 | | |

① Values only applicable with torque moments T_{inst} steel-steel (see table on the right, on page 31)

Bolt design values HSR

Available HSR

| Suitable for profile | 72/48 | 52/34, 50/30P | | 40/22P |
|----------------------|---|---|--------|---|
| Bolt | HSR 72/48 | HSR 50/30 | | HSR 40/22 |
| Bolt dimensions |  |  | |  |
| | l [mm] | M20 | M16 | M20 |
| 40 | | FV8.8 | | GVs8.8 |
| 45 | | | GVs8.8 | |
| 60 | | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8 | GVs8.8, FV8.8* |
| 75 | FV8.8 | | GVs8.8 | |

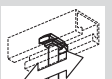
GVs = Zinc galvanized with special coating
FV = Hot-dip galvanized

* on request

Torque values

| HSR 8.8 | Torque T_{inst} [Nm] |
|---------|------------------------|
| M16 | 200 |
| M20 | 400 |

Load capacity

|  | F_{Rd} in channel longitudinal direction according to expert report |
|---|---|
| HSR 8.8 | F_{Rd} [kN] |
| 40/22 - M16 | 7.0 |
| 50/30 - M16 | 7.0 |
| 50/30 - M20 | 10.5 |
| 72/48 - M20 | 10.5 |

HALFEN BOLTS

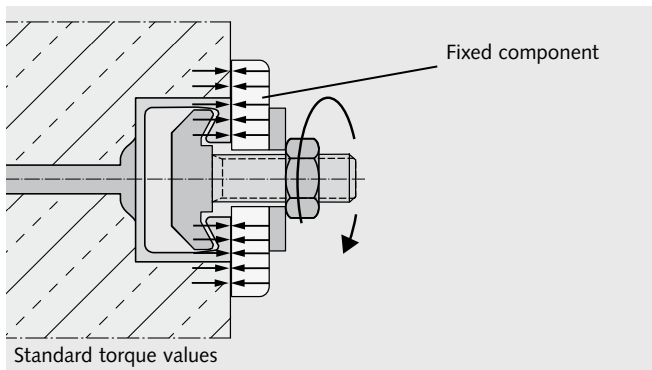
Design

Torque values HS

Standard

Components are braced against the concrete and anchor channel.

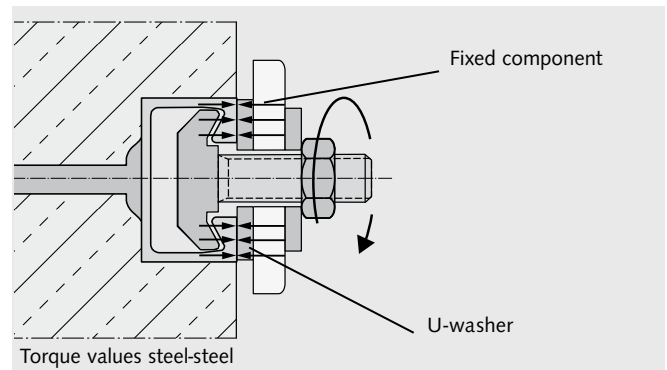
Torque is applied as in the following table and must not be exceeded.



Steel-Steel

Components are braced against the anchor channels using suitable washers.

Torque is applied as in the following table and must not be exceeded.



Standard: Recommended torque values T_{inst}

| HTA-CE Profile | HALFEN Bolt HS...M [mm] | Torque value T_{inst} [Nm] | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | | Steel 4.6; 8.8 | Stainless steel Strength class 50 Strength class 70 |
| 28/15 | 6 | - | - |
| | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| | 10 | 13 | 13 |
| | 12 | 15 | 15 |
| 38/17 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| | 12 | 25 | 25 |
| | 16 | 40 | 40 |
| 40/22P 40/25 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| | 12 | 25 | 25 |
| | 16 | 45 | 45 |
| 49/30 50/30P | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| | 12 | 25 | 25 |
| | 16 | 60 | 60 |
| | 20 | 75 | 75 |
| 52/34 54/33 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| | 12 | 25 | 25 |
| | 16 | 60 | 60 |
| | 20 | 120 | 120 |
| 55/42 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| | 12 | 25 | 25 |
| | 16 | 60 | 60 |
| | 20 | 120 | 120 |
| 72/48 72/49 | 20 | 120 | 120 |
| | 24 | 200 | 200 |
| | 27 | 300 | 300 |
| | 30 | 380 | 380 |

Steel-Steel: Recommended torque values T_{inst}

| HTA-CE Profile | HALFEN Bolt HS...M [mm] | Torque value T_{inst} [Nm] | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Steel 4.6 | Steel 8.8 | Stainless steel Strength class 50 | Stainless steel Strength class 70 |
| 28/15 | 6 | 3 | - | 3 | - |
| | 8 | 8 | 20 | 8 | 15 |
| | 10 | 15 | 40 | 15 | 30 |
| | 12 | 25 | 70 | 25 | 50 |
| 38/17 | 10 | 15 | 40 | 15 | 30 |
| | 12 | 25 | 70 | 25 | 50 |
| | 16 | 65 | 180 | 60 | 130 |
| 40/22P 40/25 | 10 | 15 | 40 | 15 | 30 |
| | 12 | 25 | 70 | 25 | 50 |
| | 16 | 65 | 180 | 60 | 130 |
| 49/30 50/30P | 10 | 15 | 40 | 15 | 30 |
| | 12 | 25 | 70 | 25 | 50 |
| | 16 | 65 | 180 | 60 | 130 |
| | 20 | 130 | 360 | 120 | 250 |
| 52/34 54/33 | 10 | 15 | 40 | 15 | 30 |
| | 12 | 25 | 70 | 25 | 50 |
| | 16 | 65 | 180 | 60 | 130 |
| | 20 | 130 | 360 | 120 | 250 |
| 55/42 | 10 | 15 | 40 | 15 | 30 |
| | 12 | 25 | 70 | 25 | 50 |
| | 16 | 65 | 180 | 60 | 130 |
| | 20 | 130 | 360 | 120 | 250 |
| 72/48 72/49 | 20 | 130 | 360 | 120 | 250 |
| | 24 | 230 | 620 | 200 | 440 |
| | 27 | 340 | 900 | 300 | 650 |
| | 30 | 460 | 1200 | 400 | 850 |

⚠ Torque values apply only to bolts in delivery condition (unlubricated).

HALFEN BOLTS

Design

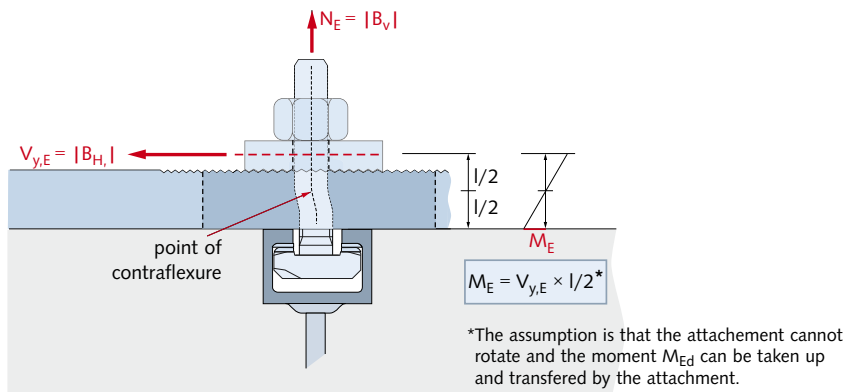
Verification for bolt bending

As part of the HZS Bolt verification, it must be verified that the design rating of the absorbable bending moment is not exceeded.

The method of verification for HZS T-bolts under bending stress as well as the respective design ratings can be found in the table and the illustration below.

Bolt type HZS - Design ratings F_{Rd} and M_{Rd} ①

| Bolt type | Grade 8.8 | | | Stainless steel A4-70 | | |
|-------------|---------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------|
| | F_{Rd} [kN] | Bending moment per bolt ② M_{Rd} [Nm] | Torque T_{inst} [Nm] | F_{Rd} [kN] | Bending moment per bolt ② M_{Rd} [Nm] | Torque T_{inst} [Nm] |
| 29/20 - M12 | 27.2 | 61.2 | 80 | — | — | — |
| 38/23 - M12 | 27.2 | 61.2 | 80 | — | — | — |
| 38/23 - M16 | 50.5 | 155.4 | 120 | 33.0 | 116.6 | 120 |
| 53/34 - M16 | 50.5 | 155.4 | 200 | 33.0 | 116.6 | 200 |
| 53/34 - M20 | 79.0 | 303.0 | 350 | 51.5 | 227.2 | 350 |
| 64/44 - M20 | 79.0 | 303.0 | 350 | 51.5 | 227.2 | 350 |
| 64/44 - M24 | 113.7 | 524.0 | 450 | 54.3 | 183.4 | 450 |



Required verification

$$N_{Ed} \leq F_{Rd} \times (1 - M_{Ed} / M_{Rd})$$

F_{Rd} = Design resistance value for HZS bolts

M_{Rd} = Design resistance value of the possible bending moment

N_{Ed} = Design value of the present tensile load component

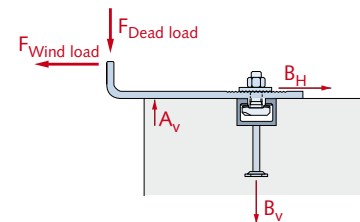
M_{Ed} = Design value of the present bending moment

① Observe the load-bearing capacity of the profile! In case of a difference in the load-bearing capacity of the bolt and the HALFEN Cast-in channel, use the smaller value.

② Bending moment at the upper surface of the profile.

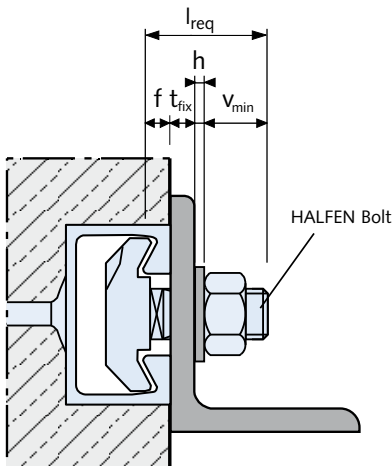
Note: Combine stress values if bending occurs with additional centric or diagonal tensile stress.

→ see required verification above



Calculating the bolt length l_{req} for HALFEN Bolts

$$l_{req} = t_{fix} + f + h + v_{min}$$



| Dimensions v_{min} | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Bolt diameter | v_{min} [mm] |
| M6 | 11.0 |
| M8 | 12.5 |
| M10 | 14.5 |
| M12 | 17.0 |
| M16 | 20.5 |
| M20 | 26.0 |
| M24 | 29.0 |
| M27 | 31.5 |
| M30 | 33.5 |

| Lip dimensions f | |
|------------------|-------------|
| Channel profile | f [mm] |
| 28/15 | 2.25 |
| 38/17 | 3.0 |
| 40/22P | 6.0 |
| 40/25 | 5.6 / 5.4 ① |
| 49/30 | 7.39 |
| 50/30P | 7.85 |
| 52/34 | 10.5 |
| 54/33 | 7.9 |
| 55/42 | 12.9 |
| 72/48 | 15.5 |
| 72/49 | 9.9 |

① value f for stainless steel

l_{req} = required bolt length

t_{fix} = thickness of clamped component

f = profile lip height

h = washer thickness

v_{min} = nut height EN ISO 4032 + overhang approximately 5 mm (for M20: 7 mm)

HCW Curtain Wall

The advantages at a glance

Today's modern buildings require façades of the highest quality that can be erected quickly and safely. This is the reason the Curtain wall system is chosen more and more frequently by architects and investors.

Fast and cost-effective

- 3-dimensional adjustable connection when used with anchor channels
- uses bolts instead of welds
- fast assembly reduces installation time
- high on-site efficiency

Environmental friendly

- no noise or dust during installation
- no electrical power required for installation

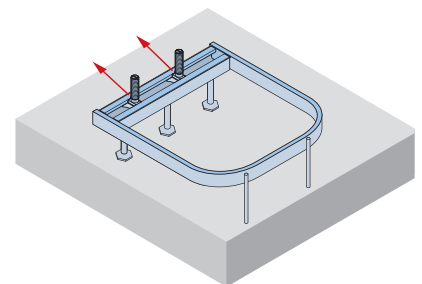
Safe

- based on state-of-the art design concepts and approvals by recognized authorities
- manufactured under stringent QA/QC (Quality Assurance and Quality Control) in our German factories
- reliable and easy-to-check installation quality



HCW 52/34

Used for anchorage of high wind loads. Channel repeatedly and independently tested in thin concrete slab conditions.



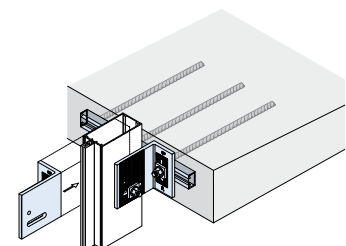
HZA DYNAGRIP channel

For anchorage of element façades together with HALFEN Curtain wall brackets. Superior performance due to 3D-load bearing capability and suitability in earthquake regions.



HTA-R / HZA-R Channel

For anchorage of mullion-transom façades together with HALFEN Curtain wall brackets. Perfectly suitable for face-of-slab installations.



HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

Application Examples



Sunscreen fixing with HZA Channels (detail view → picture on the right)



Custom-made brackets attached to vertically installed DYNAGRIP Channel pair



Mullion fixing using HCW-ED Brackets



Top of slab fixing – colour marked for quality check



Special channel HCW 52/34: anchorage of high wind loads in thin slabs



Fixing of curtain wall system using HCW-B2 Brackets connected to HTA-CE Anchor channels



Typical curtain wall fixing with HTA-CE Anchor channel



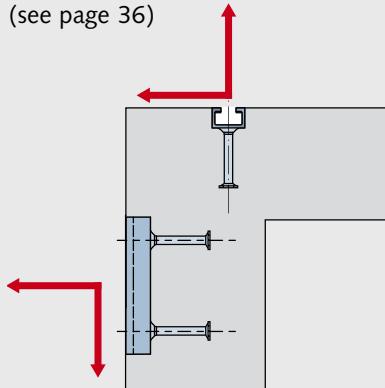
Façade bracket fixing close to concrete edges of slab

HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

Product Range

Normal slab conditions or edge beam situations

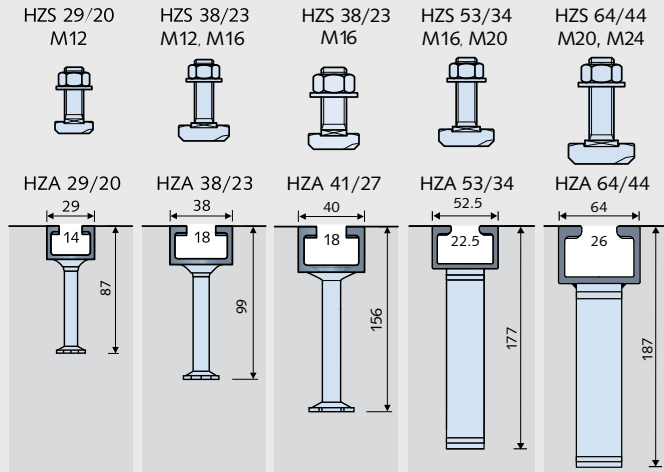
Normal load condition
(see page 36)



Front of beam

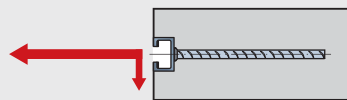
► Standard channels with bolt anchors (I-anchors)

Serrated channels HZA DYNAGRIP + HZS Bolts



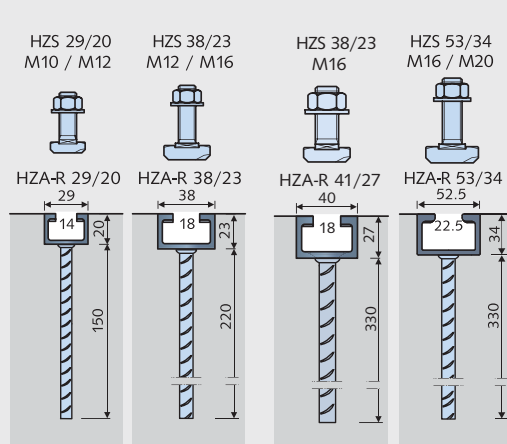
Thin slab conditions

High tension, small shear
(see page 40)

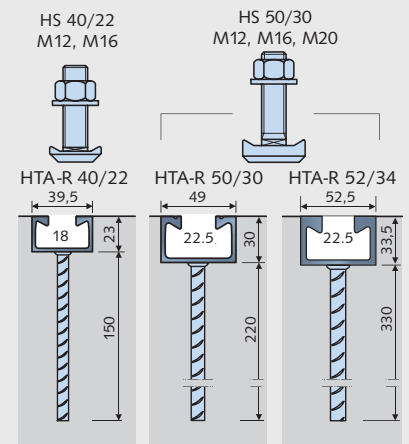


► Standard channels with rebar anchors

Serrated channels HZA-R + HZS Bolts

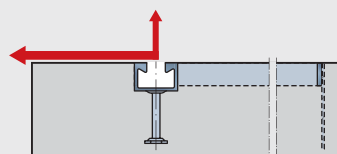


Non-serrated channels HTA-R + HS Bolts

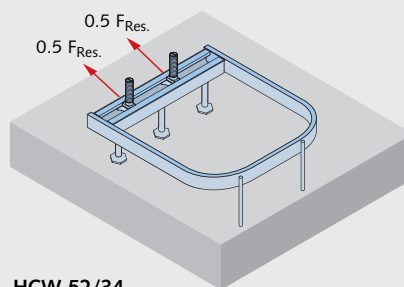


High shear loading in thin slab application

High shear, small tension
with small edge distances
(see page 42)



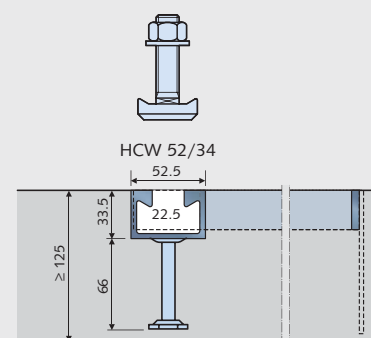
► High shear load channel



HCW 52/34

Non-serrated channel HCW + HS Bolts

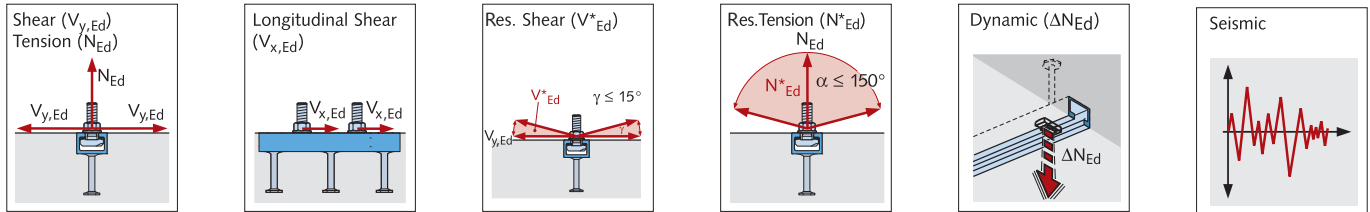
HS 50/30, M16, M20
grade 8.8



HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

Design: Normal Slab or Edge Beam Applications

Structural analysis



Required verifications

- Shear Material Resistance
- Tension Material Resistance
- Longitudinal Shear Material Resistance
- Resultant Shear Material Resistance
- Resultant Tension Material Resistance
- Dynamic Material Resistance

| | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|---|
| F_{Rd} Material resistance | | F_{Ed} Factored design load |
| $V_{y,Rd}$ | \geq | $V_{y,Ed}$ |
| N_{Rd} | \geq | N_{Ed} |
| $V_{x,Rd}$ | \geq | $V_{x,Ed}$ |
| V^*_{Rd} | \geq | $res. V_{Ed}$ |
| V^*_{Rd} | \geq | $V^*_{Ed} \quad (\gamma < 15^\circ)$ |
| N^*_{Rd} | \geq | $N^*_{Ed} \quad (\gamma \geq 15^\circ \alpha \leq 150^\circ)$ |
| ΔN_{Rd} | \geq | $\Delta N_{Ed} \quad (\text{calculated with } \gamma_F=1.0)$ |

$$\gamma = \arctan\left(\frac{N_{Ed}}{res. V_{Ed}}\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{(V_{x,Ed})^2 + (V_{y,Ed})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(N_{Ed})^2 + (res. V_{Ed})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(N_{Ed})^2 + (res. V_{Ed})^2}$$

HALFEN HZA Cast-in channels DYNAGRIP- material design resistance values

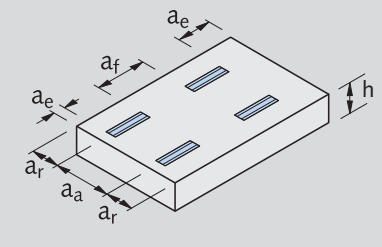
| HALFEN Channel type | HZA 29/20 350 mm 3 anchors | HZA 38/23 350 mm 3 anchors | HZA 41/27 350 mm 3 anchors | HZA 53/34 350 mm 3 anchors | HZA 64/44 350 mm 3 anchors |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Concrete compression strength $\geq C20/25$ $f_{ck,cyl.} = 20 \text{ N/mm}^2$ $f_{ck,cube} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$ | | | | | |
| N_{Rd} [kN] | $2 \times 11.2 / 8.4$ ③ | $2 \times 14.0 / 16.8$ ④ | 2×28.0 | $2 \times 30.8 / 26.6$ ⑥ | 2×37.8 |
| $V_{y,Rd}$ [kN] | 2×8.4 | 2×14.0 | 2×21.6 | 2×23.8 | 2×18.9 |
| $V_{x,Rd}$ [kN] | 2×9.0 | 2×12.0 | 2×12.0 | 2×19.25 | 2×27.0 |
| N^*_{Rd} [kN] | $2 \times 11.2 / 8.4$ ③ | $2 \times 14.0 / 16.8$ ④ | 2×28.0 | $2 \times 30.8 / 26.6$ ⑥ | 2×37.8 |
| V^*_{Rd} [kN] | 2×8.4 | 2×14.0 | 2×21.6 | 2×23.8 | 2×18.9 |
| $\Delta F = \Delta N_{Rd}$ [kN] ⑤ | 2×2.0 | 2×3.0 | 2×3.0 | 2×12.0 | 2×15.0 |
| Material: hot-dip galvanized | channel: 1.0044 anchor: 1.0205 | channel: 1.0044 anchor: 1.0205 | channel: 1.0044 anchor: 1.5523 or 1.5535 | channel: 1.0044 anchor: 1.0038 | channel: W1.0044 anchor: W1.0038 |
| Notes: ③ 2×8.4 at $c \geq 100$, 2×11.2 at $c \geq 150$ ④ 2×14 at $c \geq 150$, 2×16.8 at $c \geq 250$ ⑤ for ΔN_{Ed} calculated with $\gamma_F = 1.0$ ⑥ value applies for stainless steel A4 only | | | | | |

HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

Design: Normal Slab or Edge Beam Applications

Minimum spacings and edge distances [mm], for all concrete grades \geq C20/25 ①

| HALFEN Channel type | a_r | a_a | a_e | a_f | h ② |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|
| HZA 29/20 | 100 | 200 | 80 | 200 | 87 + nom.c |
| HZA 38/23 | 150 | 300 | 130 | 250 | 99 + nom.c |
| HZA 41/27 | 200 | 400 | 175 | 350 | 156 + nom.c |
| HZA 53/34 | 200 | 400 | 175 | 350 | 177 + nom.c |
| HZA 64/44 | 250 | 500 | 225 | 450 | 187 + nom.c |



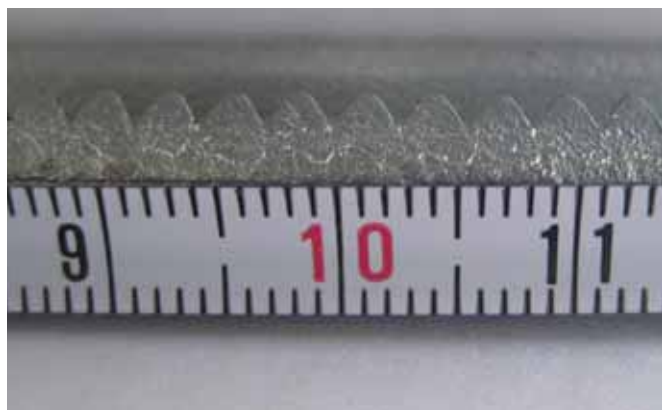
Notes: ① The minimum dimensions given in the table apply to reinforced concrete. For unreinforced concrete increase dimensions by 30%.
 ② Derived from channel plus anchor plus the required concrete cover.
 HALFEN's Engineering Support must be contacted for verification purpose!

HALFEN T-head bolts HZS – material design resistance values ③

| HALFEN Channel type | HZA 29/20 350 mm 3 anchors | HZA 38/23 350 mm 3 anchors | HZA 41/27 350 mm 3 anchors | HZA 53/34 350 mm 3 anchors | HZA 64/44 350 mm 3 anchors |
|--|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
| HALFEN T-bolt type | HZS 29/20 M12x60 GVs 8.8 | HZS 38/23 M12x60 GVs 8.8 (M16x60 GVs 8.8) | HZS 38/23 M16x60 GVs 8.8 | HZS 53/34 M20x65 GVs 8.8 (M16x60 GVs 8.8) | HZS 64/44 M20x80 GVs 8.8 (M24x80 GVs 8.8) |
| | | | | | |
| $N_{Rd} = V_{y,Rd} = F_{S,Rd}$ [kN] | 27.2 | 27.2 (50.5) | 50.5 | 79.0 (50.5) | 79.0 (113.7) |
| $V_{x,Rd}$ [kN] | 11.2 | 16.8 | 16.8 | 30.8 (30.8) | 37.8 (37.8) |
| $\Delta F \equiv \Delta N_{Rd}$ [kN] ④ | 2.0 | 2.0 (3.0) | 3.0 | 6.0 (6.0) | 15.0 (15.0) |
| Required torque [Nm] | 80 | 80 (120) | 120 | 350 (200) | 350 (450) |

③ Note: do not exceed channel load capacity!
 GVs 8.8 = Special thick layer passivation, grade 8.8.
 The verification for bolt bending must not be omitted (→ see page 32).

④ for $\Delta N_{E,d}$ calculated with $\gamma_F = 1.0$



Close-up of serration pitch of HZA 38/23

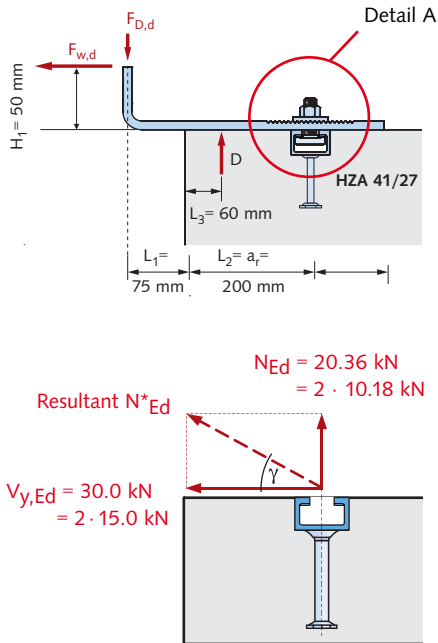


Hong Kong Science Park II – application HZA 41/27

HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

Design: Normal Slab or Edge Beam Applications

Design-Example 1: Top of slab situation (parallel layout)



Recommendation from HALFEN

for assumption of location of resultant concrete compression force D:

$$0.1 \cdot L_2 \leq L_3 \leq 1/3 \cdot L_2$$

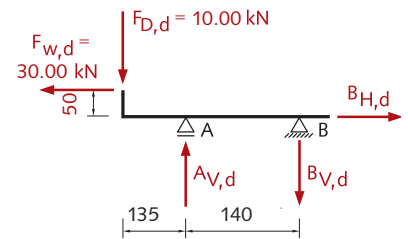
L_3 has to be specified by the responsible façade engineer!

For this example $\rightarrow L_3 = 0.3 \cdot L_2 = 60 \text{ mm}$

Given:

Factored design loads:

- design dead load $F_{D,d} = 10.00 \text{ kN}$
- design wind load $F_{w,d} = 30.00 \text{ kN}$



Design forces, acting on the channel:

$$N_{Ed} \cong B_{V,d} = (F_{D,d} \cdot 135 + F_{w,d} \cdot 50) / 140 = (10.00 \cdot 135 + 30.0 \cdot 50) / 140 = 20.36 \text{ kN}$$

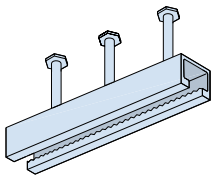
$$V_{y,Ed} \cong B_{H,d} = F_{w,d} = 30.0 \text{ kN}$$

$$\gamma = \arctan(N_{Ed}/V_{y,Ed}) = \arctan(20.36 / 30.00) = 34.16^\circ > 15^\circ$$

$$N^*_{Ed} (\gamma \geq 15^\circ) = \sqrt{N_{Ed}^2 + V_{y,Ed}^2}$$

$$N^*_{Ed} = \sqrt{(20.36)^2 + (30.00)^2} = 36.26 \text{ kN} \cong 2 \cdot 18.13 \text{ kN}$$

Selected channel



HZA 41/27

HZA 41/27 - 350 - 3 anchors with 2 bolts at 150 mm centres (→ p. 36)

required $a_r = 200 \text{ mm}$ (→ page 37)

| | | |
|--|---|------|
| $\Rightarrow V_{y,Rd} = 2 \cdot 21.6 \text{ kN}$ | $> V_{y,Ed} = 2 \cdot 15.00 \text{ kN}$ | ✓ OK |
| $N_{Rd} = 2 \cdot 28.0 \text{ kN}$ | $> N_{Ed} = 2 \cdot 10.18 \text{ kN}$ | ✓ OK |
| $N^*_{Rd} = 2 \cdot 28.0 \text{ kN}$ | $> N^*_{Ed} = 2 \cdot 18.13 \text{ kN}$ | ✓ OK |

Selected bolts



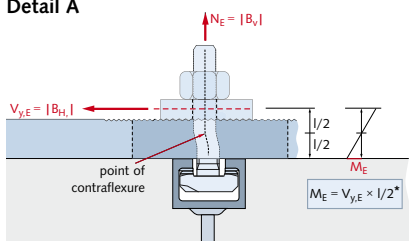
HZS 38/23

2 pieces HZS 38/23 M16x60 GV8 8.8 (→ p. 29)

required torque: $T_{inst} = 120 \text{ Nm}$ (→ page 32)

| | | |
|--|---------------------------------|------|
| $\Rightarrow V_{y,Rd} = 50.5 \text{ kN}$ | $> V_{y,Ed} = 15.00 \text{ kN}$ | ✓ OK |
| $N_{Rd} = 50.5 \text{ kN}$ | $> N_{Ed} = 10.18 \text{ kN}$ | ✓ OK |
| $F_{S,Rd} = 50.5 \text{ kN}$ | $> F_{S,Ed} = 18.13 \text{ kN}$ | ✓ OK |

Detail A



Verification bolt bending

$$l = 12 + 8/2 = 16 \text{ mm} = 0.016 \text{ m}$$

to check

$$N_{Ed} \leq F_{Rd} \times (1 - M_{Ed} / M_{Rd})$$

| | |
|------|---|
| with | $M_{Ed} = V_{y,Ed} \cdot l/2 = 15.000 \text{ [N]} \cdot 0.016 \text{ [m]}/2 = 120 \text{ [Nm]}$ |
| | $F_{Rd} = 50.5 \text{ kN}$ |
| | $M_{Rd} = 155.4 \text{ Nm}$ } see page 32 |
| | $10.18 < 50.5 \cdot (1 - 120 / 155.4)$ |
| | $10.18 < 11.5$ |

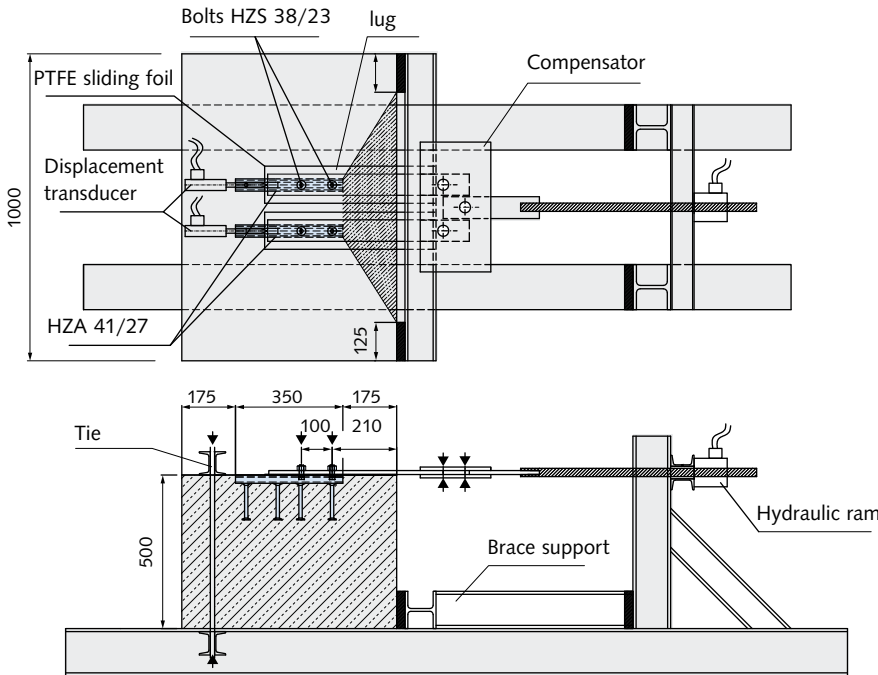
✓ OK

HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

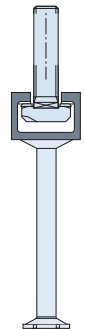
Design: Normal Slab or Edge Beam Applications

Test with HALFEN DYNAGRIP HZA 41/27: Longitudinal shear load applied via 2 pairs of T-bolts

Test arrangement



Test setup with HZA 41/27



- HZA 41/27 - 350**
- + Bolts HZS 38/23 – M16 8.8**
- torque 200 Nm
- concrete grade 30 ± 3 MPa

Schematic sketch: transverse load in longitudinal direction of channel

Test results

| Longitudinal shear load HZA 41/27 with four HALFEN Bolts HZS 38/23 (M16) | | |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|
| Test number | max. applied load [kN] | Failure type |
| 1 | 144.88 | Failure of serration |
| 2 | 165.16 | Failure of serration |
| 3 | 149.89 | Failure of serration |
| 4 | 154.34 | Failure of serration |
| 5 | 169.99 | Failure of serration |
| Mean value x_m | 156.85 | - |
| Standard deviation σ_x | 10.48 | - |

5% quantile with a confidence level of 90%

$$x_p = x_m - k \cdot \sigma_x$$

Value of quantile factor k
depends on the number of tests:
for 5 tests $\Rightarrow k = 3.4$

$$x_{5\%} = 156.85 - 3.4 \cdot 10.48 = 121.2 \text{ kN}$$

Conclusions

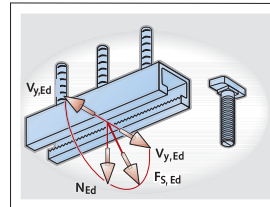
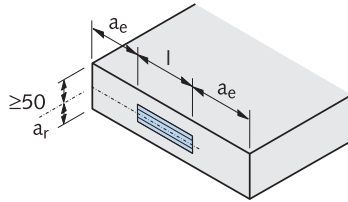
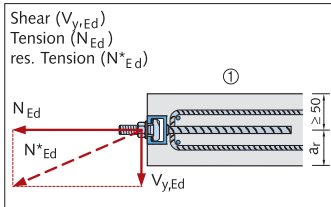
- Based on the test results above, using the 5%-Quantile value and applying a material safety factor of $\gamma_M = 1.8$, the design steel resistance of the channel serration per bolt has been determined as follows:
- $121.2 \text{ kN} / 4 \text{ bolts} = 30.3 \text{ kN}$
 $30.3 \text{ kN} / 1.8 = \mathbf{16.83 \text{ kN}} > 10.7 \text{ kN} = V_{x,Rd}$
 (\rightarrow see page 19).
- The test results achieved confirm that the steel load bearing capacity of the channel serration is not reduced by the smaller bolt spacing of 10 cm.

Depending on the application in each specific project; this layout of the T-bolt pairs could be an economic design for high shear load applications in the longitudinal channel direction.

HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

Design: Thin Slab Applications

Structural analysis



Note: ① The minimum dimensions given in the table apply to reinforced concrete.

Verifications:

| | F_{Rd} Material resistance | | F_{Ed} Factored design load | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Shear Material Resistance | $V_{y,Rd}$ | \geq | $V_{y,Ed}$ | |
| Tension Material Resistance | N_{Rd} | \geq | N_{Ed} | |
| Resulting Tension Material Resistance | N^*_{Rd} | \geq | N^*_{Ed} | $= \sqrt{N_{Ed}^2 + V_{y,Ed}^2}$ |

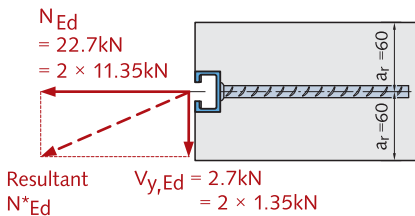
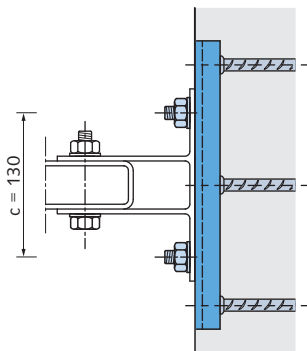
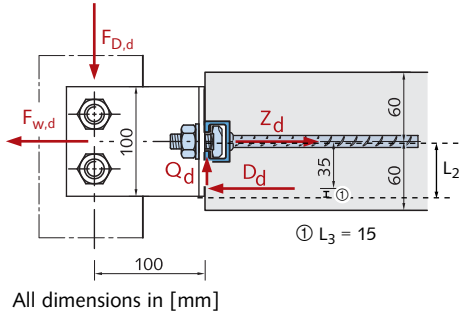
HALFEN Cast-in channels HTA-R and HZA-R - material design resistance values

| HALFEN Channel type | HZA-R 29/20 | | HTA-R 40/22 | | HZA-R 38/23 | | HTA-R 50/30 | | HZA-R 41/27 | | HZA-R 53/34 | | HTA-R 52/34 | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|-------------|--------|--|
| | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | 300 mm 3 anchors | | | | |
| Concrete compression strength $\geq C20/25$ $f_{ck,cyl.} = 20 \text{ N/mm}^2$ $f_{ck,cube} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $N_{Rd} = N^*_{Rd} \text{ [kN]}$ | 2 · 9.1 | | 2 · 14.0 | | 2 · 22.3 | | 2 · 24.5 | | | | | | | | |
| $a_r \text{ [mm]}$ | ≥ 50 | | ≥ 60 | | ≥ 70 | | ≥ 75 | | | | | | | | |
| $a_e \text{ [mm]}$ | ≥ 40 | | ≥ 45 | | ≥ 50 | | ≥ 50 | | | | | | | | |
| $V_{yRd} \text{ [kN]}$ | 2 · 2.4 | | 2 · 3.7 | | 2 · 4.9 | | 2 · 5.6 | | | | | | | | |
| Material: hot-dip galvanized | channel | 1.0044 | 1.0038 | 1.0044 | 1.0038 | 1.0044 | 1.0038 | 1.0044 | 1.0044 | 1.0038 | 1.0044 | 1.0038 | 1.0044 | 1.0038 | |
| | anchor | B500B reinforcing steel | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

Design: Thin Slab Applications

Design-Example 2: Front of slab situation



Recommendation by HALFEN

assuming the location of resultant concrete compression force D:

$$0.1 \cdot L_2 \leq L_3 \leq 1/3 \cdot L_2$$

L_3 has to be specified by the responsible façade engineer!

Given:

Factored design loads:

⇒

- design dead load $F_{D,d} = 2.7\text{ kN}$

- design wind load $F_{w,d} = 15.0\text{ kN}$

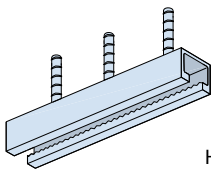
Design forces, acting on the channel:

$$N_{Ed} \cong Z_d = F_{w,d} + F_{D,d} \cdot (100 / 35) = 15.0 + 2.7 \cdot (100 / 35) = 22.7\text{ kN}$$

$$V_{y,Ed} \cong Q_d = F_{D,d} = 2.7\text{ kN}$$

$$N^*_{Ed} = \sqrt{N_{Ed}^2 + V_{y,Ed}^2} = \sqrt{(22.7)^2 + (2.7)^2} = 22.86\text{ kN} \cong 2 \cdot 11.43\text{ kN}$$

Selected channel



HZA-R 38/23

➔ **HZA-R 38/23 - 300 - 3 anchors with 2 bolts at 130 mm centre** (see page 40)

actual $a_r = 60\text{ mm}$ (→ page 40)

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------|-----------------|
| $\Rightarrow V_{y,Rd} = 2 \cdot 3.7$ | $>$ | $V_{y,Ed} = 2 \cdot 1.35$ | \checkmark OK |
| $N_{Rd} = 2 \cdot 14.0$ | $>$ | $N_{Ed} = 2 \cdot 11.35$ | \checkmark OK |
| $N^*_{Rd} = 2 \cdot 14.0$ | $>$ | $N^*_{Ed} = 2 \cdot 11.43$ | \checkmark OK |

Selected bolts



HZS 38/23

➔ **2 pieces HZS 38/23 M12x60 GVs 8.8** (see page 37)

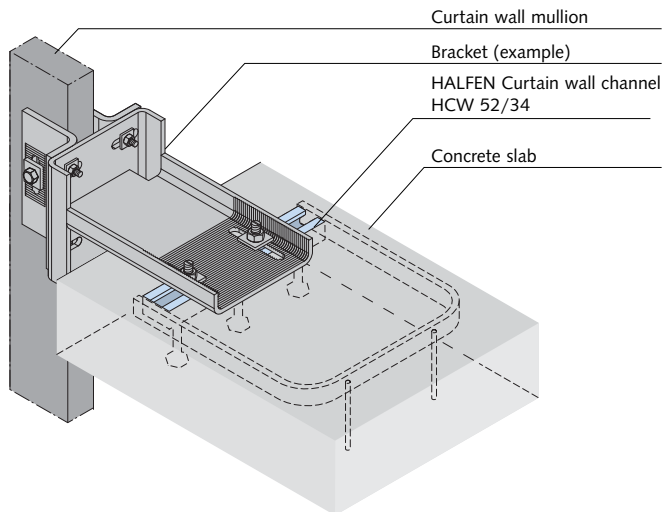
| | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| actual $c = 130$ | $>$ | required $c \geq 125$ (→ p. 40) | \checkmark OK |
| $\Rightarrow V_{y,Rd} = 27.2$ | $>$ | $V_{y,Ed} = 1.35$ | \checkmark OK |
| $N_{Rd} = 27.2$ | $>$ | $N_{Ed} = 11.35$ | \checkmark OK |
| $F_{S,Rd} = 27.2$ | $>$ | $F_{S,Ed} = 11.35$ | \checkmark OK |

Required torque $T_{inst} = 80\text{ Nm}$ (→ see page 32)

HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

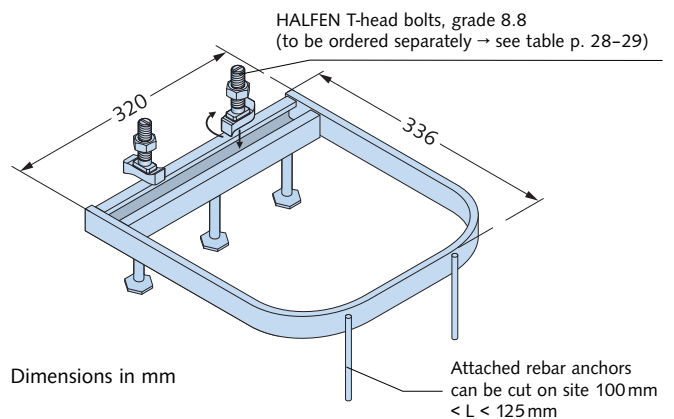
Design: High Shear Loading in Thin Slab Application

Typical installation

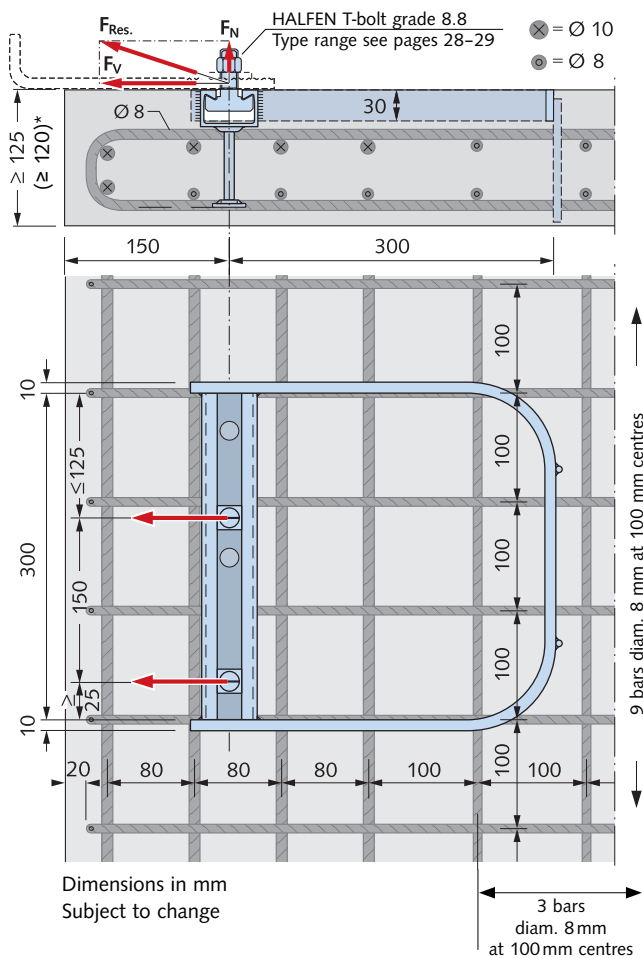


Product description

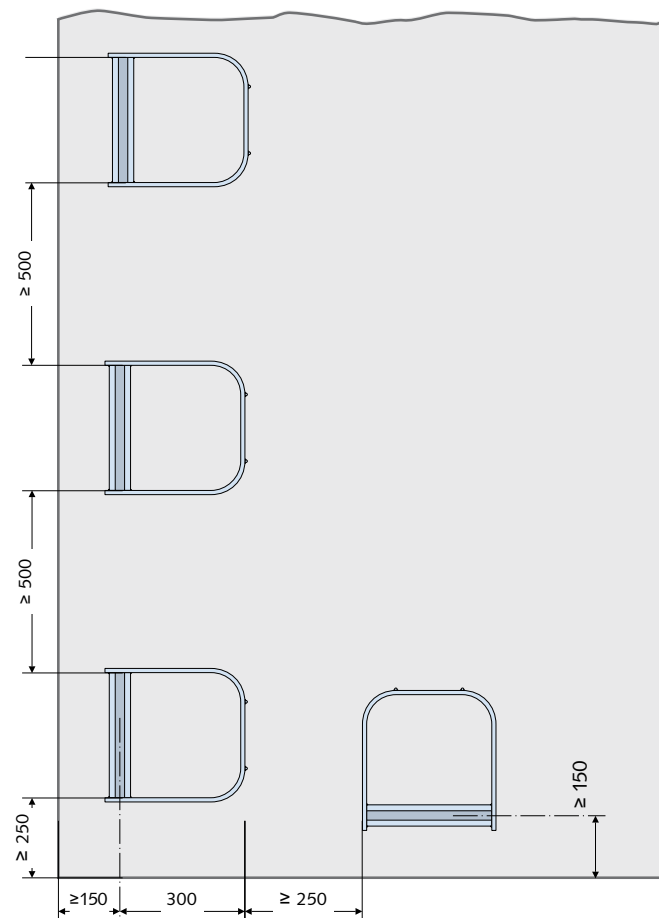
Product code: HCW 52/34
 Material: 1.0038, hot-dip galvanized



Reinforcement requirements



Channel dimensions and positioning



* Tested with slab thickness of 120mm at Tongji University/Shanghai

Note: Reinforcement required in grade 400 or higher.

Note: HALFEN HCW 52/34 can be manufactured with B6 Bolt anchors or alternatively with I-anchors.

HALFEN HCW CURTAIN WALL

Design: High Shear Loading in Thin Slab Application

Channel load data for HCW 52/34

A series of 3 tests produced the following average ultimate loads:

| | |
|--|------------|
| Ultimate test load: $F_{V \text{ ultimate}}$ | = 142.3 kN |
| $F_{N \text{ ultimate}}$ | = 47.4 kN |
| $F_{\text{result. ultimate}} = \sqrt{F_N^2 + F_V^2}$ | = 150.0 kN |

The adjacent load deformation diagram may be used to determine allowable loads based on acceptable displacement and the required safety factor according to local building codes. The diagram is based on the following:

- A concrete slab ≥ 125 mm thick and reinforced according to the diagram on the previous page.
- Concrete compression strength $\geq C20/25$ N/mm² (cylinder/cube) with normal weight aggregate.
- Load is equally distributed to the channel by two HALFEN T-bolts (ordered separately) at an axial distance ≥ 150 mm. See below for sizes and load capacities.

An example of a typical calculation method is shown below. The factors used in the calculation example are for illustration only. Actual factors used on a project basis must be checked according to local or national building regulations. The calculations also make no allowance for load magnification caused by load eccentricities. These must be included according to the project design of the connection. Contact us for support if required.

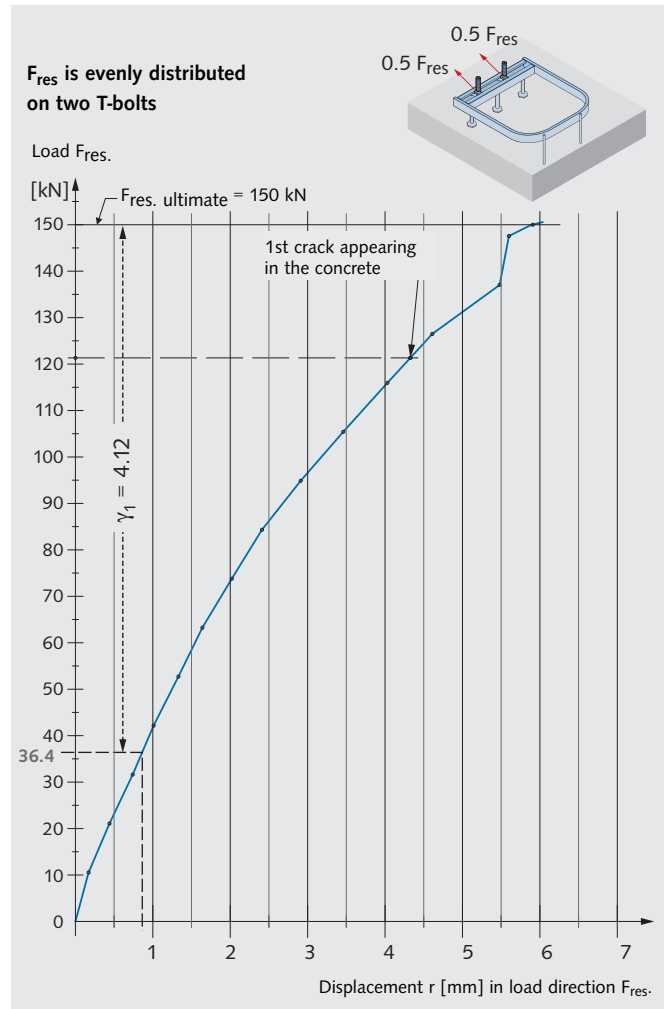
Calculation Example:

(Assumed safety factor 3 applied to the ultimate test load)

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Required working loads: $F_{V \text{ work.}}$ | = 35 kN |
| $F_{N \text{ work.}}$ | = 10 kN |
| Allowable loads at 3:1 safety factor: | |
| $F_{V, \text{ allowed}}$ | = 47.4 kN (142.3/3) |
| $F_{N, \text{ allowed}}$ | = 15.8 kN (47.43/3) |
| $F_{\text{res, allowed}}$ | = 50.0 kN (150/3) |
| Checking $F_{V \text{ work.}}$ | = 35 kN < 47.4 kN ✓ OK |
| Checking $F_{N \text{ work.}}$ | = 10 kN < 15.8 kN ✓ OK |
| Checking $F_{\text{res. work.}} = \sqrt{(10)^2 + (35)^2}$ | = 36.4 kN < 50 kN ✓ OK |

Displacement at working load < 1 mm (see diagram).

Load deformation diagram



Actual safety factor to ultimate test load: $\gamma_1 = (150 / 36.4) = 4.12$

Fastener information

HALFEN T-bolts type HS 50/30 grade 8.8, M16 and M20 are recommended for use with HALFEN Channel type HCW 52/34 according to the load performance required. The loads $F_S \text{ allow.}$ shown in the table below are per bolt and based on applied safety factors of approximately 2.5: 1, other factors may be applied according to appropriate regulations and project requirements.

The tests were done at the "Kölner Institut für Baustoffprüfung und -Technologie" in Cologne/Germany and the Tongji University Shanghai/China. A copy of the test reports is available on request.



Type selection HALFEN T-head bolts HS 50/30 grade 8.8

| Thread size | Material grade | Available lengths L [mm] | Bolt load (tension, angled pull and shear) $F_S \text{ allow.}$ [kN] | Allowable bending moment [Nm] | Recommended initial torque [Nm] | Please note that fastener performance may be limited by channel capacity. |
|-------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| M 16 | 8.8 | 40, 60, 80, 100 | 36.1 | 111 | 60 | T-bolts in other sizes and materials are available if required, please contact us for details. If slotted holes are used in the bracket to achieve tolerance transverse to the channel, the capacity of the T-bolts should be checked according to the allowable bending moment. |
| M 20 | 8.8 | 45, 60, 80, 100 | 56.4 | 216 | 120 | |

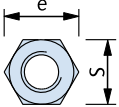
ACCESSORIES

Nuts, Washers

Accessories: Nuts, Washers

MU

Hexagonal nuts
DIN EN ISO 4032/
DIN 934

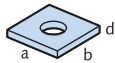


| GV galvanized FK 8 thread | A4 stainless steel A4 thread | S/m DIN [mm] | S/m ISO [mm] | e [mm] |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| M 6 | M 6 | 10/5 | 10/6 | 11.5 |
| M 8 | M 8 | 13/6.5 | 13/7.5 | 15.0 |
| M 10 | M 10 | 17/8 | 16/ 9.5 | 19.6 |
| M 12 | M 12 | 19/10 | 18/12 | 21.9 |
| M 16 | M 16 | 24/13 | 24/15.5 | 27.7 |
| M 20 | M 20 | 30/16 | 30/19 | 34.6 |
| M 24 | M 20 | 36/19 | 36/22 | 41.5 |
| FV hot-dip galvanized thread | A2 stainless steel A2 thread | S/m DIN [mm] | S/m EN [mm] | e [mm] |
| M 6, M 8 | M 8 | 13/6.5 | 13/7.5 | 15.0 |
| M 10 | M 10 | 17/08 | 16/ 9.5 | 19.6 |
| M 12 | M 12 | 19/10 | 18/12 | 21.9 |
| M 16 | M 16 | 24/13 | 24/15.5 | 27.7 |

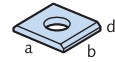
VUS

Square washers

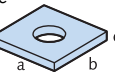
VUS 40/25
for profile
40/25;
HZA
41/22



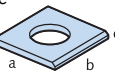
VUS 49/30
for profile
54/33,
49/30



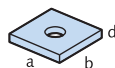
VUS 52/34
for profile
52/34,
50/30



VUS 72/49
for profile
72/48,
72/49



VUS 41/41
for all
41
profiles

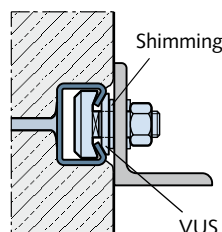


| FV hot-dip galvanized for bolt | A4 stainless steel A4 for bolt | a x b x d [mm] |
|---|---|-------------------|
| M 10 | M 10 | 40 x 40 x 5 |
| M 12 | M 12 | 40 x 40 x 5 |
| M 16 | M 16 | 40 x 40 x 5 |
| M 10 | M 10 | 37 x 37 x 5 |
| M 12 | M 12 | 37 x 37 x 5 |
| M 16 | M 16 | 37 x 37 x 5 |
| M 20 | M 20 | 37 x 37 x 5 |
| M 16 | M 16 | 50 x 50 x 6 |
| M 20 | M 20 | 50 x 50 x 6 |
| M 20 | M 20 | 54 x 54 x 6 |
| M 24 | M 24 | 54 x 54 x 6 |
| M 27 | M 27 | 54 x 54 x 6 |
| M 30 | M 30 | 54 x 54 x 6 |
| M 6 | M 6 | 40 x 40 x 6 |
| M 10 | M 10 | 40 x 40 x 6 |
| M 12 | M 12 | 40 x 40 x 6 |

Ordering example: VUS 52/34 - FV - M 20

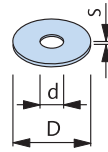
Application VUS:

for shimming non-flush installations.



US

Washers
DIN EN
ISO 7094/
DIN 9021/
DIN 440

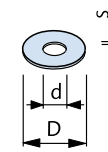


| DIN | GV galvanized for bolt | A4 stainless steel A4 for bolt | D [mm] | d [mm] | s [mm] |
|------|------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 440 | M 6 | | 22 | 6.6 | 2 |
| 9021 | M 8 | M 8 | 24 | 8.4 | 2 |
| 9021 | M 10 | M 10 | 30 | 10.5 | 2.5 |
| 440 | M 12 | | 45 | 13.5 | 4 |
| 9021 | M 12 | M 12 | 37 | 13 | 3 |
| 9021 | M 16 | M 16 | 50 | 17 | 3 |
| 440 | M 20 | | 72 | 22 | 6 |

Ordering example: US - M 12 - GV - DIN 9021

US

Washers
DIN EN
ISO 7089/
DIN 125

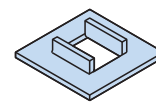


| GV galvanized for bolt | A4 stainless steel A4 for bolt | D [mm] | d [mm] | s [mm] |
|---|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| M 6 | M 6 | 12 | 6.4 | 1.6 |
| M 8 | M 8 | 16 | 8.4 | 1.6 |
| M 10 | M 10 | 21 | 10.5 | 2 |
| M 12 | M 12 | 24 | 13 | 2.5 |
| M 16 | M 16 | 30 | 17 | 3 |
| M 20 | M 20 | 37 | 21 | 3 |
| M 24 | | 44 | 25 | 4 |
| | | 50 | 28 | 4 |
| | | 56 | 31 | 4 |
| FV hot-dip galvanized for bolt | A2 stainless steel A2 for bolt | D [mm] | d [mm] | s [mm] |
| | M 8 | 17 | 8.4 | 1.6 |
| M 10 | M 10 | 21 | 10.5 | 2 |
| M 12 | M 12 | 24 | 13 | 2.5 |
| M 16 | M 16 | 30 | 17 | 3 |

Ordering example: US - M 12 - GV - DIN 125

SIC

Locking washer



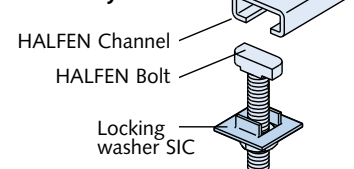
| GV galvanized | A4 stainless steel A4 | Suitable for HALFEN Bolts | |
|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| | | type | dimensions |
| SIC - 50/30 - gv | SIC - 50/30 - A4 | 50/30 | M16, M20 |
| SIC - 40/22 - gv | SIC - 40/22 - A4 | 38/17 40/22 | M16 |
| SIC - 38/23 - gv | | 38/23 | M16 |
| SIC - 29/20 - gv | | 29/20 | M12 |
| SIC - 38/17 - gv | SIC - 38/17 - A4 | 38/17 40/22 | M12, M10 |
| SIC - 28/15 - gv | SIC - 28/15 - A4 | 28/15 | M8, M10 |
| SIC - 20/12 - gv | SIC - 20/12 - A4 | 20/12 | M8 |

Ordering example: SIC - 38/17 - GV

Application SIC:





























For securing HALFEN Bolts;
prevents bolts turning when
tightening nuts.











Assembly scheme:

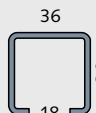
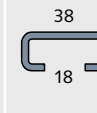
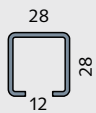
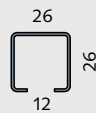
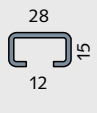
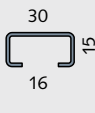
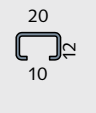
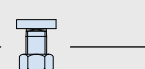






ACCESSORIES

Framing Channels

| Heavy duty framing system | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| hot-rolled | | | | cold-rolled | | | hot-rolled | cold-rolled | | hot-rolled, serrated | | | | |
| HM 72/48 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 55/42 <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 52/34 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 50/30 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 49/30 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | HM / HL 50/40 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 486 <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 40/22 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 40/25 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 422 <input type="checkbox"/> | HZM 64/44 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HZM 53/34 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HZM 41/27 <input type="checkbox"/> | HZM 38/23 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HZM 29/20 <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |
| HS / HSR 72/48, GWP 72/48 | HS 50/30 | HS / HSR 50/30, GWP 50/30 | | HS 50/30, GWP 50/30 bzw. GWP 50/40 | | | HS / HSR 40/22, GWP 40/22 | | | HZS 64/44 | HZS 53/34 | HZS 38/23 | HZS 38/23, HS 38/17 | HZS 29/20, HS 28/15 |

| Medium duty framing system | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| cold-rolled | cold-rolled, serrated | cold-rolled | | cold-rolled, serrated | | cold-rolled | cold-rolled | |
| HM / HL 41/41 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HZM / HZL 41/41 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM / HL 41/62 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM / HL 41/83 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HZL 63/63 <input type="checkbox"/> | HZM / HZL 41/22 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM / HL 41/22 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HLL 41/41 <input type="checkbox"/> | HLL 41/22 <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | | | | | | | | |
| HZS/HS 41/41, HZS 41/22 GWP 41/41, GWP 41/22 | | | | | | | | |

| Light duty framing system | | | | | | | Material and finishes |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|-----------------------|
| Cold-rolled | | | | | Cold-rolled | | |
| HM 36/36, HL 36/36 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 38/17 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | HM 28/28, HL 28/28 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 26/26, HL 26/26 <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 28/15, HL 28/15 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | HM 315 <input type="checkbox"/> | HM 20/12, HL 20/12 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |
|  | |  | | |  |  | |
| HS 38/17, GWP 38/17 | | HS 28/15, GWP 28/15 | | | GWP 28/15 | HS 20/12, GWP 20/12 | |

 HZM/HZL serrated profiles

Further information on materials and finishes → see page 12

REFERENCES

Infrastructure

International Curtain Wall Projects



Four Seasons, Mumbai



Regatta, Jakarta



Tanjong Pagar Centre, Singapore



Tamar, Hongkong



Post Tower, Bonn



National Bank, Dubai



Menara Bumiputra-Commerce, Kuala Lumpur



The Central, Singapore



Burj Khalifa, Dubai



432, Park Avenue, NYC



Grand Lisboa Hotel, Macao



The Capitol, Mumbai



Jin Mao / World Financial Center, Shanghai



Sudirman Plaza, Jakarta



Science Park II, Hongkong



Marina Bay Sands, Singapore

REFERENCES

Infrastructure

International Projects

High-Speed Railway construction:

- All major High-Speed Railway lines in Germany, e.g.:
ICE line *Nuremberg – Leipzig* (→ “Finnetunnel”);
ICE line *Frankfurt – Cologne*
- All major High-Speed Railway lines in the Chinese network, e.g.:
HSR *Wuhan – Guangzhou*, HSR *Beijing – Shanghai*;
HSR *Hangzhou – Ningbo*
- High-Speed Railway line *Taipeh – Kaohsiung* / Taiwan
- High-Speed Railway line *Seoul – Pusan* / Korea

Airports

- Chek Lap Kok Airport, Hong Kong
- Singapore Changi International Airport, Terminal 3
- Doha International Airport
- New Bangkok International Airport (Suvarnabhumi)

Stadiums

- Letzigrund, Zurich / Switzerland
- Wimbledon, Court No. 1, London / UK
- St. Jacob Park, Basel / Switzerland
- Stade de Suisse, Bern / Switzerland
- RheinEnergieStadion, Cologne / Germany
- Parc des Princes, Paris / France

Power plants

- Daya Bay NPP, Guangdong / China
- Sizewell B PWR, Leiston / UK
- Ringhals NPP, Gothenburg / Sweden
- Olkiluoto 3 NPP, Rauma / Finland
- Taishan NPP, Guangdong / China

Subway and station construction

- MTR, Hong Kong
- MRT, Singapore
- Metro, Shenzhen / China
- Metro, Taipeh / Taiwan
- Railway station, Wuhan / China
- Lehrter Bahnhof (Main Train Station), Berlin / Germany

Utility tunnels & Research facilities

- BEWAG Tunnel
- Research and testing facilities, e.g.:
European XFEL research facility, Hamburg / Germany;
CERN LHC Tunnel, Geneva / Switzerland

Precast construction

- ECC Shell project, Singapore
- HDB housing projects, Singapore
- Airbus assembly- and painting hangar, Stade / Germany



Traffic Control Tower, Mumbai



BEWAG HV utility tunnel, Berlin



Stadion Letzigrund, Switzerland



Sage Centre, Gateshead (UK)



Airport Hong Kong



ECC Shell Singapore



Nuclear power plant, Dalian



Finnetunnel, Germany



For further information please contact: www.halfen.com